Gettysburg Compiler.
PUBLISHED TUESDAYS.
R. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.—Two Dollars per annum in advance. —Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates. Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

PROFESSIONAL.

Dr. A. P. BEAVER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office next door to Edward Rosecile. Dec. 18, 1882. tf

JAMES M. HILL, D. D. S.,
GRADUATE of the Penna. College of Dental Surgery, has located in Gettysburg. Office 4th Dr. J. L. Hill, Chambersburg St. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered. April 11, 1883. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL,
OFFICE ON BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 5, 1878. tf

J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,
DENTIST. Has his office one door west of Lutheran church on Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, Gettysburg, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. April 11, 1883. tf

Dr. F. C. WOLF,
HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of public patronage. April 12, '05. tf

Dr. BROWN,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, (formerly Clinical Assistant University Hospital, Baltimore, Md.) HAMILTON, ADAMS COUNTY, PA., respectfully invites all persons afflicted with chronic diseases to consult him by mail.
Dr. Brown's Great Dyspepsia Remedy, with full directions, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of $1. CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Address, Dr. JOHN J. BROWN, Jan. 2, '79. tf Hampton, Adams co., Pa.

Dr. D. STUART WATSON,
DENTIST, graduate of the Dental Department University of Pennsylvania, has permanently located in FAIRFIELD, PA. Office opposite Worley's store. Office hours from 7½ to 11½ A. M.; 1 to 5 P. M. April 29, '81.—tf

Dr. GEORGE L. RICE,
CORONER OF ADAMS COUNTY, OFFICE in McSherrystown. Will attend to calls from any part of the county, especially—Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart. April 21, 1879. tf

Dr. C. E. ECKENRODE,

DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA., Office on High street, west of the Catholic Church, near Washington St., where he can be found every day in the week except WEDNESDAY, on which day he will be found at Fairfield, on Mondays. Charges moderate, and all work warranted. April 12, 1882. tf

A. W. FLEMMING, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and NOTARY PUBLIC, Office with J. L. Negley, Esq., on York street. Gettysburg, April 1, 1881. tf

S. Mc. SWOPE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house. May 13, 1881. tf

D. McCONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, Pa. Special attention given to all suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay and Damages against the United States, attended to promptly and efficiently. Land Warrants located and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States. July 16, 1878. tf

J. A. KITZMILLER,
(Successor to H. B. Woods, Esq.)
ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his office to the second story of Wagner's building, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., recently occupied by H. B. Woods, Esq. Will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him. May 7, 1878. tf

JOHN M. KRAUTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. July 16, 1878. tf

G. J. BENNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office with W. A. Danner's Esq., Baltimore street. April 26, '82.—tf

EDW. J. COX,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Collections a specialty. Office on Baltimore st., near the Court-house. Gettysburg, Pa., July 19, 1881. tf

WM. McSHERRY, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, Adams co., Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court-house. Dec. 4, 1876. tf

DAVID WILLS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA., Office in residence southeast corner of the diamond. Jan. 29, 1875. tf

W. A. DUNCAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Baltimore street, next door to Jacobs' Store. Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 27, 1875. tf

REMOVAL.
J. C. NEELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed to R. G. McCherry's old office, next door to the Gettysburg National Bank. Gettysburg, April 1, 1881. tf

EXCELSIOR GALLERY
AND COPYING HOUSE, 5 York St. Copying in all its branches. Photographs in every size, Views, &c. A. M. LEAS, Manager. Gettysburg, May 27, 1881. 1y

W. H. TIPTON'S
GALLERY OF PHOTOGRAPHY, 5 Chambersburg St. The finest Portraits, Ruffled Views, and Copying of all sorts. Gettysburg, May 27, 1881. 1y

Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG PA.
HAVING leased the above well-known House, hope, with my long experience as a public caterer, to make it a pleasant resort for the citizen and stranger. SPECIAL RATES for patrons living in the county, jurors and witnesses attending court.
H. YINGLING, Nov. 7, 1878. tf PROPRIETOR.

Globe Inn,
YORK STREET, NEAR CENTRE SQUARE, GETTYSBURG PA.
F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.
THE above hotel has been recently enlarged and refitted in the best manner. The traveling public will always find the best accommodations and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive Ostlers and waiters always in readiness.
A new lack to and fro from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES. April 15, '81.tf

Central Hotel,
NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Levi Gross, Proprietor.
THE undersigned having leased the Central Hotel, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., a few doors south of the Court-house, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. The property has been put in good condition, and the table is well furnished with the best the market affords, and the bar is well stocked with choice liquors; stabling ample, with an obliging and attentive hostler. A really good place to patronize in the central part. The charges are always moderate. Give Levi a call. April 5, '81.tf

Samuel H. Eicholtz
MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF
WAGONS, CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES, JAGGERS, SLEIGHS, etc., has removed his Shop to the north end of Carlisle street, GETTYSBURG, where he will continue to do all work in the best and cheapest manner and invites a share of public patronage. Nov. 12, 1877. 1y

SALE CRYING!
W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. He is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street Gettysburg, Pa. Jan. 8, 1880. tf

Sale.
J. C. NEELY, Agent for Home of Refuge cows continues to sell on Cow Sale Day. Apply to J. C. Neely, Agent, Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg Compiler.

66TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA., TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1884. NUMBER 47.

RAILROADS.

H. J., H. and G. R. R.
On and after May 25, 1884, trains will run and connect as follows:
EASTWARD.

Leave Gettysburg,	8 00	12 05	5 25*
Arrive at New Oxford,	8 25	1 00	5 50
Hanover,	8 47	1 50	6 07
Han. Junction,	9 25		6 45
Emory Grove,	9 38		7 11
Baltimore, Md.,	11 20		8 55
York via Han.,	9 55		7 50
Harrisburg,	11 05		8 10
	P M		P M
Phila. via Col.,	3 15		8 15
Phila. via Balt.,	2 47		11 10
Washington	4 00		8 45
	A M		A M
New York, via Phila.	6 30		1 50
New York, via Col.	6 15		3 50
Pittsburg,	8 45		7 00

*Through cars for Baltimore.
The 5.50 a. m. and 3.25 p. m. trains connect at Emory Grove with west bound trains on Western Maryland R. R. Trains leave Hanover for Frederick, 8.18 a. m. and 4.10 p. m.

WESTWARD.

Leave Pittsburg,	P M		A M
	8 45		
	A M		
New York,	7 35	8 00	7 55
Philadelphia,	7 40	1 00	11 10
	A M	A M	P M
Phila. via Balt.,	7 20		11 25
			A M
Harrisburg,	.....	6 40	2 35
York, (Short line)	11 05	7 55	3 45
Baltimore, (Conv)			
Hilton Stat., Balt.,	9 55*		4 00*
Emory Grove,	10 07		5 00
Han. Junction	9 45		4 30
	P M	A M	P M
Hanover,	12 25	8 20	5 32
New Oxford,	12 12	8 41	5 50
Arrive at Gettysburg,	1 07	10 15	7 25

Both Hanover—Leaves Stat. Both at 6.30 a. m.; Abbottstown 6.45 a. m. Returning leaves Hanover for Stat. Both at 5.50 p. m.; arriving at Abbottstown 7.07 p. m., and Stat. Both 7.20 p. m.
The Accom. train, which leaves Gettysburg at 12.05 P. M., carries passengers as far as Hanover, arriving there at 1.57 P. M.
*Through cars for Gettysburg from Hilton Station. Passengers to and from Washington will change cars at Union Depot, Charles St., Baltimore. Tickets to all points in THE WEST at Baltimore prices.
Eastern Standard or 75th Meridian time is given at all stations.
H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agt.

Gettysburg & Harrisburg R. R.
Arrangement of Passenger Trains.
TAKES EFFECT MONDAY, JULY 30, 1883.
NORTHWARD.
Gettysburg to Carlisle.

Leave	A M	A M	P M
Gettysburg	9 00	12 00	1 45
	P M		
Goldenville	9 12	12 12	5 00
Biglerville	9 20	12 20	5 08
Sunnyside	9 27	12 27	5 12
Bendersville Station	9 30	12 31	5 17
Gardner's	9 42	12 40	5 27
Idaville	9 47	12 48	5 30
Starner's	9 51	12 52	5 34
East Berlin	9 56	12 57	5 39
Latrobe	9 59	12 59	5 41
Hunter's Run	10 00	1 01	5 51
Mt. Holly Springs	10 15	1 14	6 07
H. & P. Crossing	10 18	1 16	6 09
Cooleyville	10 21	1 19	6 11
Boiling Springs	10 29	1 27	6 21
Arrive at			
Carlisle, daily except Sunday	10 35	1 31	6 26
Harrisburg, C. V. R. R.	11 15	2 55	7 30
Shippensburg	.....	.....	8 15
Chambersburg	.....	.....	8 10
			A M
Hagerstown	.....	.....	7 00
	P M		
Philadelphia, P. R. R.	3 45	7 25	3 05
Pittsburg	8 45	11 40	6 50

SOUTHWARD.
Carlisle to Gettysburg.

Leave	A M		A M
Pittsburg, P. R. R.	8 45		8 45
	A M		P M
Philadelphia	4 30		7 10
Harrisburg, C. V. R. R.	.....	7 50	.....
Hagerstown	.....	11 15	.....
	P M		
Chambersburg	7 00	12 37	.....
Shippensburg	7 25	1 01	.....
		A M	
Harrisburg	7 35	11 10	4 05
		P M	
Carlisle, daily except Sunday	8 50	2 10	5 20
Boiling Springs	8 59	2 21	5 30
Cooleyville	8 41	2 18	5 33
H. & P. Crossing	8 39	2 27	5 36
Mt. Holly Springs	8 34	2 30	5 41
Hunter's Run	8 20	2 45	5 59
Latrobe	8 21	2 50	6 10
Arrive at Emory Grove	8 30	2 59	6 25
Leave Starner's	8 37	3 10	5 38
Idaville	8 39	3 15	5 41
Gardner's	8 32	3 07	5 47
Bendersville Station	8 39	3 05	5 58
Sunny Side	8 40	3 10	6 03
Biglerville	8 49	3 15	6 10
Goldenville	8 48	3 21	6 18
Arrive at Gettysburg	10 00	3 35	6 30

Through car to Gettysburg on train leaving Harrisburg at 7.35 a. m., and to Harrisburg on train leaving Gettysburg at 1.45 p. m. Special low rates for parties of five and upwards to Gettysburg and Battle Field from points on this road not reached by excursion trains. Tickets good for 30 days when taken by special train. For rates apply to your station Agent.
WM. M. WOODWARD, July 22, 1884. Superintendent.

Pennsylvania Railroad.
FREDERICK DIVISION.
ON and after July 7th, 1884, Trains will leave and arrive as follows:

NORTHWARD.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Frederick,	7 15	8 10	.....	5 20
Lisbon	7 35	10 01	.....	7 10
Hanover	7 40	10 32	.....	7 21
Arrive York	8 55	11 35	1 50	8 08
Leave York	9 00	11 50	1 50	.....
Columbia	10 20	12 20	5 10	8 48
	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.
Pa. Depot	12 10		8 25	.....
Lancaster	.....	12 58	6 15	.....
Philadelphia	.....	3 15	9 45	.....
New York	8 00	6 15	.....	11 00
Harrisburg	11 05	2 05	.....	12 15
	P.M.			
Philadelphia	1 00			
New York	3 00			
Harrisburg	6 00			

SOUTHWARD.

Leave	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
Harrisburg	7 30		11 40	3 40
Philadelphia	10 40		3 35	7 25
New York	12 50		6 15	10 00
	P.M.			
Lancaster	2 45		7 45	.....
Pa. Depot	3 35		8 25	.....
Columbia	4 05	10 35	9 25	12 35
York	4 55	11 05	9 50	1 25
Arrive Hanover	5 18	12 05	1 10	2 21
Lisbon	5 23		1 40	2 50
Frederick	5 40		2 15	.....
	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.
Arrive Frederick	8 00		4 15	5 15

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. B. HUTCHINSON, Superintendent.

Western Maryland R. R.
JUNE 28, 1884.
Trains run daily, except Sunday, as follows:
Leave Hilton Station, Baltimore, for H. J. & G. R. R. at 6.45 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. Leaving at Hanover at 12.35 a. m. and 5.20 p. m., and Gettysburg at 1.07 a. m. and 7.15 p. m.
Leave Gettysburg at 8.00 a. m. and 2.25 p. m. Hanover 9.00 a. m. and 3.03 p. m., arriving at Hilton Station at 11.50 a. m. and 6.45 p. m.
Northward—Leave Hilton Station at Union Depot, Pennsylvania Avenue and Fulton Station, Baltimore.
Leave Emory Grove for Westminster, Union Bridge, Frederick, Emmitsburg, Hagerstown, Williamsport and intermediate Stations at 8.00 a. m. and 2.15 p. m.
Returning, leave Williamsport at 7.35 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.; Hagerstown 7.55 a. m. and 2.20 p. m.; Westminster 9.18 a. m. and 4.33 p. m., arriving at Emory Grove 10.21 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.; Baltimore at 12.35 a. m. and 8.20 p.m., and Gettysburg 10.30 a. m. and 7.10 p. m.
Trains leave Emmitsburg at 7.15 a. m. and 4.20 and 5.25 p. m. Returning reach Emmitsburg at 11.10 a. m., 4 and 7.40 p. m.
Eastern Standard or 75th Meridian time is given at all stations.
H. B. GILBERT, Gen. Ticket Agent. J. M. HOOD, Gen. Manager.

MEATS! - - MEATS!
Weigand & Homan
HAVE entered into partnership in the BUTCHERING BUSINESS and opened a
MEAT STORE
on Baltimore street, next door to Stonsifer & Co's. Grocery and in our Store, Gettysburg, where they will ever daintily have on hand for sale the best of
Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, Pork, and PUDDING and SAUSAGE in season.
By buying good stock and selling at small profits, they hope to deserve and receive a large share of public patronage. GIVE THEM A TRIAL! April 4, 1883. tf

CARPET WEAVING.
Carpets Made to Order,
ALSO
ALL KINDS OF YARN
KEPT for sale to suit purchasers. WOOLEN, COTTON AND LINEN CHAINS at the best in the market, sold at the lowest living profits. Also
READY-MADE CARPETS
for sale as low as can be bought anywhere. Call and examine my stock and be convinced. On York Turnpike, 2 miles east of Gettysburg.
Jacob C. Schriver.
Jan. 23, 1884. 1y*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. Feb. 26, '84.—1m

Cuticura
INFANTILE BLOOD PURIFIERS AND SKIN BEAUTIFIERS.
A Positive Cure for Every Form of Skin and Blood Diseases, from Pimples to Scrofula.
INFANTILE and Birth Humors, Milk Crust, Scalled Head, Eczemas, and every form of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous and Inherited Diseases of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, with loss of Hair, from Infancy to Age, cured by Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great skin cures, externally. Absolutely pure and safe, and may be used from the moment of birth.
"OUR LITTLE BOY."
Mr. and Mrs. Everett Stebbins, Holyoke, Mass., write: "Our little boy was terribly afflicted with Scrofula. Said Humors and Eczema covered his face. He was born, and nothing we could give him helped him until we tried the Cuticura Remedies, which gradually cured him, until he became as fair as any child."
"WORKS TO A CHARM."
J. S. Weeks, Esq., Town Treasurer, Mt. Albany, Vt., says in a letter dated May 28: "It works to a charm on my baby's face and hand. Cured the head entirely and is nearly cleared of the blood sores. I have recommended it to several, and Dr. Phan has ordered it for them."
"A TERRIBLE CASE."
Charles Ring, Hinkle, Jersey City Heights, N.J., writes: "My son, a lad of twelve years, was completely cured of a terrible case of Eczema by the Cuticura Remedies. From the top of his head to the soles of his feet was one raw mass of scales." Every other remedy and physician had been tried in vain.
FOR PALE, LANGUID, Emaciated children, with pimply, sallow skin, the Cuticura Remedies will prove a perfect blessing, cleansing the blood and skin of impurities and expelling the germs of scrofula, rheumatism, consumption and severe skin diseases.
Sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50 cents; Resolvent, $1; Soap, 25 cts. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."
BABY Use Cuticura Soap, an exquisite and perfect Skin Beautifier, and Toilet, Bath and Nursery Sanative.

(Continued from last week.)

How Watch Cases are Made.

It is a fact not generally known that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Cases* really contain more *pure gold* than many "solid" gold cases. The demand for these watch cases has led to the manufacture of a very poor grade of solid gold watch cases—low in quality, and deficient in quantity. These cases are made from 4½ to 10 karats, and a 5 or 6 karat case is often sold for 12 or 14 karats. It is sure economy to buy a watch case so poor in quality that it will not lose its color, or one so soft that it will lose its shape and fail to shut tight, thus letting in dust and damaging the works, or one so thin that a slight blow will break the crystal, and perhaps the movement. It IS economy to buy a *James Boss' Gold Watch Case*, in which NONE of these things ever occur. This watch case is *not an experiment*—it has been made nearly *thirty years*.

HAZLETON, PA., Oct. 21, 1882.
I sold two James Boss' Gold Watch Cases that I gave you, about thirty first cases out, and they are good condition yet. One of them is carried by a carpenter, Mr L. W. Drake, of Hazleton, and owl, shows the wear in one or two places; the other by Mr. Bowman, of Quakbank, Pa., and I can reproduce one or both of these cases at any time.
SILVESTER ZIMMER, Jeweler.

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factory, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet, showing how James Boss' Gold Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(To be Continued.)

EXECUTORS' SALE
OF DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE
ON THURSDAY, the 11th day of AUGUST, A.D. 1884, the undersigned, Executors of the will of Perrin Smith, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the real estate of said decedent, viz:
No. 1, THE HOME FARM, situate in Stoutstown township, Adams county, Pa., containing 86 ACRES AND 21 PERCHES OF LAND, adjoining lands of Peter Hinnach, Augustus Kuhn, Abraham Roof and others, on the public or state road leading from Hunterstown to McSherrystown, about 2½ miles west of McSherrystown. The improvements consist of a good large BANK BARN, DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, Hog Pen and other outbuildings. A desirable portion of the farm consists of timber and meadow land, with springs and running water on the same; a never-failing well of very excellent water is near the dwelling house, and also one at the barn yard. There is a good Orchard of different kinds of fruit close to the house, with Grapes, Plums &c., in abundance in the yard. This is a desirable place in all respects, the land being under good heating and in good cultivation, and pleasantly situated in a good neighborhood, convenient to churches, mills, schools, stores, &c.
No. 2, A SMALL FARM, part of No. 1, on which E. J. Smith resides, containing 30 ACRES AND 2 PERCHES OF LAND, adjoining No. 1 and lands of Peter Hinnach, Joseph Coll, John Bauer, Abraham Roof and others, and is on the state road above mentioned. The improvements on this last consist of a good BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, &c. This tract also consists of a desirable part of timber and meadow land, with never-failing springs in the fields and two excellent wells of unfailing water convenient to the buildings. There is also the Grape Orchard near the dwelling house, with Grapes, and an excellent Garden, &c., near the door of the dwelling. This is a desirable property, pleasantly located, &c. The said two tracts will be offered separately or together on the day of sale on Tract No. 1, which will be held in the afternoon. Any person wishing to view the premises will please call on the parties residing thereon who will kindly show and give any information desired.
Also, at the same time and place, will be sold No. 3, A TIMBER LOT, situate in Germantown township, county and state aforesaid, containing 5 ACRES OF LAND, adjoining lands of F. A. Smith, J. Garrison, Mr. Negley and others, and about 1 mile east of Singley's saw Mill, on the old Baltimore road. This lot is level and covered with locust, chestnut and oak timber, and convenient to water and saw mills. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
J. K. SMITH, E. J. SMITH, Executors.
July 8, tf

To the Citizens of Gettysburg.
CHOLERA prevails to an alarming extent in the old world, and sooner or later will reach our new world. Gettysburg has always had an excellent reputation for the general good health of its residents and its freedom from epidemic and contagious diseases. It is feared that a feeling of security from these evils prevails to such an extent as to render some of our citizens careless of the proper sanitary condition of their premises. Let us not be deceived. It is only by paying the most diligent attention to the proper sanitary regulation of every household that we can maintain immunity. The responsibility rests on us all. All diseases are traced to exhalations from cellars, drains, sinks, water closets, &c., without delay, and by universal and the proper use of disinfectants, correct any nuisances that may exist, and avoid the accumulation of rubbish, garbage or offensive matter of any sort on or about their premises.
The ordinances regulating these matters will be rigidly enforced. The undersigned, Committee of Health, will citizens generally will thank us for reporting any violations to the Burgess, who may shut up immediately offenders.
W. H. TIPTON, Chief Burgess.
July 29, 1884. 3t

REMOVED.
FRED. THORN has removed to his new Barber Shop—three doors west of the Eagle Hotel, nearly opposite his old stand, Chambersburg street. April 18, 1883.

Miscellaneous.

THE GRASSHOPPER.

He jumps so high in sun and shade,
I stop to see him pass—
A gymnast of the glen and glade,
Whose circus is the grass!
The sound is found like a ring—
He has no wish to halt—
I see the supple fellow spring
To make a somersault!
Though he is valuable and fast,
His feet are slim as pegs,
How can his restless motions last
Upon such slender legs?
Below him lazy beetles creep;
He gyrates round and round—
One moment vaulting in a leap,
The next upon the ground!
He lapped the fallen twigs
So agile in his glee,
I'm sure he's danced a hundred jigs
With no one near to see!
He tumbles up, he tumbles down!
And from his medley lung,
'Tis clear he is an insect clown
Beneath a tent of blue.

William H. Hayne.

Written for the Gettysburg Compiler.

THE HISTORY OF ASIATIC CHOLERA.

The Origin.—Four Great Epidemics.—In America.—The Approaching Pestilence.—Its Friends and Foes.—Closest Approach in Gettysburg.

To the holiest of the shrines of Hindostan, where Krishna, the almighty one among the heathen idols, called "the Lord of the World," with his priests, receives the worship and prayers of his faithful, in that massive and costly temple at Juggernaut, is the objective point of over a million pilgrimages annually. In March the great festival takes place, where almost countless numbers drag this idol on a huge wagon or platform through the neighboring country to receive the homage of its inhabitants. At Hardwar, where the river Ganges rises at the foot of the Himalaya mountains, great numbers assemble every year during the vernal equinox to bathe in the river, which immersion is the only religious ceremony. There is often great strife in this vast army to be among the first to plunge into the river. Every third year many more collect, every sixth still more, and every ninth still a greater number. Every twelfth year as many as 2,000,000 pilgrims, it has been estimated, visit this place. At other places and temples throughout India constant and vast throngs of pilgrims are ever advancing towards and returning from. What can give a peculiar picture of the existence of these pilgrims during these great gatherings? In what a terribly overstocked state they must live; in what wretched filth; the Oriental being predisposed to idleness and unclean habits; what bad food they must eat and what impure water drink; and all this in a country subject to tremendous floods followed by excessive heat and drouth. All this and much more they must endure. Can it be wondered at that in the midst of all this uncleanness, of the thickest and most stenching mass of filth, of the abuse of all laws of health, that one of the most dreadful diseases to which human flesh is heir," if not the worst, should originate and count its victims by the hundreds of thousands? Such is the acknowledged origin of cholera. From this starting place it spreads out in every direction, having as powerful aids to its diffusion the pilgrim cities of Bokhara, the holy city of Central Asia, Meshed, the holy city of Persia, and Mecca, the holy city of Arabia.

Descriptions by early writers, one even before the Christian era, would indicate that it had been heard of centuries ago. There are accounts of the epidemics of 1756, 1768 and 1781, by men well known in their age. All of these were ascribed to the twelfth year festivals in India, and all of the later epidemics prove this by their dates. Notwithstanding these records there are only four great epidemics known to science; they were the ones of 1817, 1829, 1842 and 1865, and a brief account of their great route lines during each occurrence will be outlined.

The cholera epidemic of 1817 is known as the "great historical one." It broke out in the marshy regions at Jessore, near Calcutta. It encountered soon in India the Marquis of Hastings, who was carrying on war against the Mahrattas with 60,000 men, and proved fatal to many thousands of them. Step by step it crept over to Bombay and up the Persian Gulf and along the Euphrates and Tigris to Bagdad, Damascus, Aleppo, and the Mediterranean coast, where it died out in 1821. It was carried up between the Black and Caspian seas as far as Astrakhan, in Russia, and east from Calcutta to Ceylon and Mauritius and parts of the coast of Africa, and west to Burmah, Siam, Sumatra, Java, Borneo, and other Pacific islands, and even up to Canton, in China. In these regions it died out in 1825.

The second epidemic commenced in India at Hurdwar, and was forwarded north by caravans and traders, through the mountain passes to Central Asia, to Bokhara, its firm ally, and on up to Orenburg, in Russia, on the Volga, which it reached in 1829. Thence it passed west to Moscow, striking large numbers of Russian soldiers engaged in the Polish war in the neighborhood of Warsaw, and after devastating Berlin and Hamburg, reached London from the latter place, and from Riga was taken in English coal vessels to Sunderland and Newcastle about the same time. It prevailed extensively throughout Great Britain and in the spring of 1832 was carried over in Irish emigrant vessels to Quebec, in Canada, from there up the St. Lawrence and across the lakes to Detroit, where it met the United States troops going to the Black Hawk war, killing great numbers of them. It was carried through the lakes by steamboats. Thence it reached Rock Island and passed down the Mississippi River to New Orleans and also up the Ohio River to Cincinnati and a great number of the Eastern cities and districts.

The third great epidemic commenced in India in 1842 in lower Bengal. It advanced over India and Asia and was helped along by a Hurdwar epidemic in 1843, and marching through Persia met another of its friends, Meshed, continued up between the Black and Caspian seas, reaching Russia in 1847. Its progress was greatly facilitated there by the war in Hungary in 1849, between the Austrian, Hungarian and Russian armies. After spreading over Berlin, Hamburg, England and France, being especially severe in Paris and Havre, it was carried by German emigrants to New Orleans the close of the year 1848. It reached all the landing towns and cities up the Mississippi and Ohio rivers as high as Cincinnati. Then from St. Louis it was carried in full force by the gold-fever emigrants to San Francisco and California. Being brought to New York, it was controlled and kept within the quarantine district.

The fourth visitation of this terrible pestilence broke out in April, 1865, in India. The Hindoo festivals coincided with the Mohammedan festival at Mecca. From India by the aid of railroad and steamboat, it was taken to the latter city in May and reached Alexandria in June, and by returning Egyptian, African and Turkish pilgrims was distributed thence through the Mediterranean to Turkey, Italy, France and Spain. From Marseilles it was forwarded to Paris at the same time that English vessels carried it from Alexandria to Southampton. This was the first time that cholera had reached England and France from the south and not through Russia and Germany. From New York in 1866 it was distributed in every direction through the eastern portion of the United States by railroads, and even reaching Kansas.

About the same time and probably the same epidemic was crawling slowly through India and Persia, by means of caravans, reaching Russia in 1871. It spread over Germany and was for the second time carried to New Orleans by German emigrants in the winter of 1873.

The slow progress overland in India and Central Asia is due to the thousands of miles it must be carried by caravans, thus consuming years in its journey. There were many fears when the Suez Canal was opened that its route would be changed and it would approach much faster by steamers up the Red Sea, through the canal to the Mediterranean, as the course of the present epidemic would show. Cholera has always been brought to America in ships and many scientists laugh at the idea of the wind carrying it. Notwithstanding its terrible ravages throughout the Chinese Empire, it has never crossed the Pacific Ocean. The sad history of cholera in the United States is one only to be told in volumes. Cities and towns have been ravaged and depopulated by this insatiable disease monster, that has exulted over the horrible tortures its thousands of victims have writhed through, jeered at the million of agonized cries and prayers that were sent up to heaven and gloated over the sea of scalding tears it has caused to flow. Graveyards have grown sleek and fat with their great silent army reinforcements of choleric corpses. Homes have been entered and none left to tell the story of its awful visitation. It has demanded its sacrifices with more merciless and exacting cruelty than ever its fostering God, Krishna or Juggernaut, dreamt of in his most cannibal festivals. But it is worthy of notice that notwithstanding its terrible ravages through our land, that the number of its victims is remarkably low in comparison to the hundreds of thousands that have been cut down by it in European and Asiatic countries. This has of course been due to our better sanitary provisions, and to our cleanlier towns and cities, and to a country which is not predisposed to it.

A fifth and a last cholera epidemic has been traveling east for some time. It is the one which all Europe is being thrown into a state of excitement over at present. It has differed from all its predecessors in going west from Calcutta to Tonquin. The time of its origin is supposed to be the great Hindoo festivals of 1877 or 1879. From Tonquin it returned due east and found its way to Egypt and last year's epidemic in that country in which 50,000 persons perished is identical with the one now raging in Marseilles, Toulon, Arles and many other places, having reached Paris within the past few days. The famous physician, Dr. Koch, the head of the German Cholera Commission, who has studied this disease in all its forms in Asia, has pronounced that raging in Europe at present to be the true Asiatic cholera and predicts its ultimate diffusion over Europe. And he who has been so careful and conservative with his opinion, must be certain of such a fact before he ventures its public announcement. It is possible and very probable it will reach our shores. However, those who should know do not expect it before fall, or in the early spring of 1885. But stringent quarantine regulations could prevent its universal transmission through the country, and as we have received the warning and been specially instructed by the President and others in authority to exercise every ingenuity to keep it out, there is no immediate danger to be anticipated. Mistakes in taking cholera morbus for the Asiatic cholera have been many and have led to almost a panic in some cases, and to early reported cases but little credence by the public should be given, (but immediate investigation by health officers,) on account of such mistakes, and their often disastrous results.

Cholera is said, by authorities to be most easily distributed by railroads and ships, by drinking water, by unwholesome vegetable food, by individuals, by masses of filth, and, some say, to some extent perhaps by wind and soil. But the common vehicles of transmission are filthy sewers, impure water, and the soiled clothes of patients, and these especially should be guarded against.

But one of the prime causes, cholera's dearest and best friend, is the fear of this dreaded malady which has killed thousands. In an old Egyptian fable it is related that once when cholera entered that country it demanded 25,000 victims before it would be satisfied. During its visit 75,000 persons perished and upon its departure it was reproached for its betrayal to keep its promise. Its answer to this accusation was, "I only took what I demanded, 25,000 souls, and fear killed the other 50,000." This is a most applicable story for it has been said that those who have coolly and tranquilly met this merciless foe have been the ones to conquer it and recover.

There are many causes that invite this dread visitor. Among these are hot days followed by cool nights, a hot, close, stagnant atmosphere, an atmosphere impregnated with products of fermenting human excrement, lowness of site, swampy grounds, decomposition of vegetable matter, filthy streets and yards, impure water and bad food; also undue exposure to the vicissitudes of climate, physical fatigue, nervous depression, undue abstinence from food, or the presence of injurious properties in the food, excess in eating or drinking, and licentiousness, and various other causes.

The great safeguard against cholera is cleanliness. The usual instructions are that one's person and abode should be kept clean, places predisposed to be filthy should be kept as clean as possible and be disinfected constantly. Pure water must be used for drinking purposes, vegetable food should be ripe and washed before eating, and that clothing should be changed often and kept scrupulously clean.

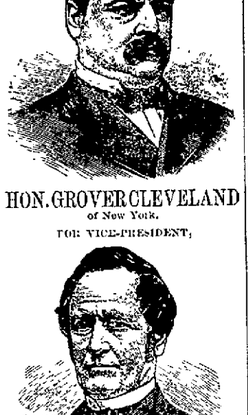
Besides the four great epidemics we have described there were several others of much less severity. One that commenced in 1852 and reached this country the latter part of that year or the beginning of the next was the severest of these lesser ones, and which came the nearest to our town. That was at Emmitsburg and the country around about it. During the summer of 1853 it was carried there, it is supposed, from Baltimore. We have heard that from impure water and some

Gettysburg Compiler.

Tuesday Evening, August 12, 1884.

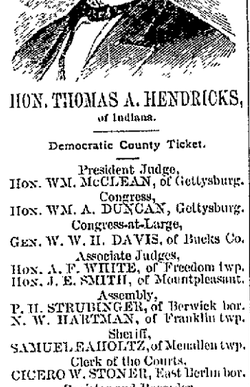
Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,



HON. GROVER CLEVELAND
of New York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,



HON. THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,
of Indiana.

Democratic County Ticket.

President Judge,
HON. WM. McCLEAN, of Gettysburg.
Congress,
HON. WM. A. DUNCAN, Gettysburg.
Congress-at-Large,
GEN. W. W. H. DAVIS, of Bucks Co.
Associate Judges,
HON. A. F. WHITE, of Freedom twp.
HON. J. E. SMITH, of Mountpleasant.
Assembly,
P. H. STRUBINGER, of Berwick bor.
N. W. HARTMAN, of Franklin twp.
Sheriff,
SAMUEL EMHOLTZ, of Menallen twp.
Clerk of the Courts,
CICERO W. STONER, East Berlin bor.
Register and Recorder,
I. S. STONESIFER, Littlestown bor.
County Treasurer,
GEORGE E. STOCK, of Gettysburg.
County Commissioners,
ABRAHAM SHEELY, N. Oxford bor.
EMANUEL KELLER, Cumberland tp.
Director of the Poor,
WM. F. THOMAS, of Straban twp.
County Auditors,
JOHN A. SNYDER, of Huntington tp.
JAMES B. MYERS, of Highland tp.
Coroner,
DR. H. L. DIEHL, of Gettysburg bor.

THE assault upon Cleveland's private character is already recoiling upon Blaine. The knowing friends of Blaine dread what may follow.

DEMOCRATS, make the campaign aggressive. Our candidates, general and local, are all worthy of the fullest confidence, and should have the active support of every Democrat. The tricks of the Republican managers to induce Democrats are becoming so plain as to leave no one an excuse for halting in the line of Democratic duty. Democrats, watch and work!

SEVENTY leading Republican business men of Newport, Rhode Island, have come out for Cleveland and will organize an effective campaign club.

FOURTEEN daily journals in New York city support Cleveland and only three Blaine. This is about the proportion the Democratic majority will range in that State when the votes are counted in November.

GEN. LONGSTREET has been removed from the Marshalship of Georgia and John F. Bryant appointed in his place. Longstreet headed the white man's division of the Republican party, and Bryant the negroes.

BUTLER'S CANDIDACY.—Justice Wm. D. Kelly, of New York, thinks "that Ben. Butler will draw the dynamiters and sorheads from Blaine and thus aid Cleveland;" and that "Cleveland will carry New York by a larger majority than any presidential candidate has ever had."

The *Patriot* takes the ground that Butler "has made a record of selfishness, faithlessness and chicanery that has lost him the esteem of every intelligent, decent and right-thinking citizen."

The city election at Portsmouth, N. H., on Tuesday resulted in a Democratic victory. Calvin Page, Democrat, was chosen Mayor over W. H. Size, the Republican candidate, by a vote of 1,003 to 951, the smallest Republican vote ever cast in that city. The Democrats for the first time in seven years elect a majority of the city government, securing thirteen out of nineteen Councilmen and six out of nine Aldermen.

MAYOR VAUGHAN, of Council Bluffs, says that Iowa is not sure for the Republicans. Thirty-five thousand Republicans have gone bodily over to the Democrats.

MR. TILDEN replied to an invitation to be present at a Democratic demonstration in Albany as follows:

Although I cannot be present in person with my old friends in Albany on that interesting occision, I cordially cooperate with them in the support of the excellent ticket nominated by the Democratic National Convention, and feel assured that in its success at the election, of which there is every promise, the country will achieve a substantial victory for the cause of good government.

S. J. TILDEN.

HON. JOSIAH CROSBY, of Dexter, Maine, long an influential member of the Republican party and ex-President of the State Senate, repudiates the nomination of Blaine and will support Cleveland.

THE depression in the iron business of Pittsburg, is said to be greater than for many years. Fully 7,000 men less are employed than a year ago. Republicans rule!

THE Republicans say the workingmen will vote for Blaine, yet the executive committee of the National Labor party have indorsed the course of Grover Cleveland.

THE loest Republican bosses should secure Jones, Chairman of the National Republican Committee, to make a stumping tour through the coke regions. He could then personally explain how he conceived the idea of importing Hungarian cheap labor, of which he was one of the originators. He could further explain how the contract system affords "protection to the American workingmen."—*Greensburg Democrat.*

As Mr. Jones has subscribed $100,000 to the Republican campaign fund, his iron workers may expect another reduction of wages. The party managers must have money to save Blaine and "the tariff," no matter if their workmen be compelled to do with less food and raiment. And yet those so treated are expected to help keep the cormorants still longer in power.

TWO VETOES.

The last Legislature of New York passed a bill or section appropriating $10,000 "to be expended under the supervision of the officers of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Association, in the erection of suitable permanent monuments to mark the positions occupied by New York troops in the decisive battle of Gettysburg, and in preserving or reproducing and perpetuating the several defensive works thrown up by them." In a message Gov. Cleveland said:

"This item is objected to and not approved for the reason that the appropriation is to be expended under the supervision of a society the purposes of which seem but little understood, and which appears to be a private corporation or association. The objects to which the money may be applied are patriotic and praiseworthy; but an appropriation for these purposes seems to be in direct conflict with section ten, article eight of the Constitution, which provides that 'neither the credit nor the money of the state shall be given or loaned to, or in aid of, any association, corporation or private undertaking.'"

It is understood that the defect in the act vetoed will be remedied next winter by another appropriating a like amount, but in a manner not open to constitutional objection, as the one of last winter clearly was.

Whilst Mr. Cleveland was mayor of Buffalo the city council passed a bill appropriating $500 for Decoration purposes. In his message on the occasion Mayor Cleveland said:

"I have taxed my ingenuity to discover a way to consistently approve of this resolution, but have been unable to do so.

"I deem the object of this appropriation a most worthy one. The efforts of our veteran soldiers to keep alive the memory of their fallen comrades certainly deserves the aid and encouragement of their fellow-citizens. We should all, I think, feel it our duty and privilege to contribute to the funds necessary to carry out such a purpose. And I should be much disappointed if an appeal to our citizens for voluntary subscriptions for this patriotic object should be in vain."

To testify his sincerity Mayor Cleveland made a subscription of $50, one-tenth of the money required, and the citizens of Buffalo, admiring his honesty and courage, promptly followed his example, and in a few hours subscribed the entire amount. These vetoes show that Governor Cleveland is able to rise above personal feeling and follow the demands of law and duty on any and every occasion.

SENATOR EDMUNDS is not satisfied with Blaine, nor is Senator Morrill, and both are inactive.

THE Democrats of the sixth Maryland district have nominated Frederick J. Nelson, Esq., of Frederick city, as their candidate for Congress. The proceedings of the conference were entirely harmonious, and the earnestness manifested on the occasion points to active and successful work in the canvass. Mr. Nelson is a lawyer of the first standing, an elegant gentleman, and a citizen enjoying universal respect. The district will honor itself by electing him.

THE Republican politicians look upon the elective franchise, the only safety of the Republic, as a thing to be bought and sold with money. Let the honest men of the land join hand in hand to rebuke them.

BEECHER thinks the prohibition vote will largely come from Republicans dissatisfied with Blaine.

CONGRESSMAN MCADOO, of New Jersey, an Irishman by birth and a prominent member of the Land League, says Blaine's Irish missionaries will have little success in winning votes for him, and describes them thus: "The people who figure most conspicuously as Irish leaders of Irish-Blaine battalions are men who have for years held snug political positions in consideration of their always voting and working for the Republican machine ticket."

THE Boston Democrats had two mammoth ratification meetings on Friday night. Faneuil Hall and Tremont Temple were packed.

IF any of the *Star's* subscribers have preserved copies of the paper printed before the war they will find some very interesting reading concerning John A. Logan, the Republican candidate for Vice President. "Black Jack" was then held up as one of the most bitter negro haters and "Fugitive Slave Law" Democrats. Hunt up the old papers.

HON. ROSWELL P. FLOWER is earnestly in the harness for Cleveland and predicts 60,000 Democratic majority in New York. Mr. Flower intends to take off his coat and work as he never worked before. Republican scandals, all false and shameless, are cackling the Democrats cross.

HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette county, has been re-nominated for Congress by the Democrats. The proper thing to do.

MR. ALFRED SANDERSON has been appointed to a clerkship in the office of Internal Affairs. Secretary Affrica could not have done a better thing. Mr. Sanderson is not only a very competent gentleman, but an earnest and deserving Democrat in addition. We congratulate both.

BLAINE as Speaker bulldozed railroad companies for free passes. The *Record* exposes a case.

KEIFER's fate is a warning to venal candidates. Let Blaine look out.

MR. R. H. THOMAS, of the Mechanicsburg *Journal*, has been appointed by President Arthur, one of the Commissioners to represent Pennsylvania at the great Centennial Exposition at New Orleans, which opens December 1st and continues until May of next year. Mr. Thomas proposes to make a good exhibit of the cereal productions of the State at Grangers' Pic-nics and afterward use the same samples for an exhibit at New Orleans. Every farmer is invited to contribute to the enterprise.

KEIFER is politically dead. He has been defeated in his own city and county for the congressional nomination.

WILLIAM STILL, the rich and influential colored coal dealer of Philadelphia, announces himself for Cleveland and Hendricks.

FELLOWS ON HAYES AND BLAINE.—In speaking at the Irving Hall meeting of ex-President R. B. Hayes Colonel Fellows said that "he was the only successful competitor that Mother Mandelham overhaul as a receiver of stolen goods." Of the 200,000,000 acres of land given away by the Republicans James G. Blaine, he said, voted for every grant. This was as much land as was in cultivation between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. It was given away, or rather stolen, so that James G. Blaine, as Speaker of the House of Representatives, might make a couple of million dollars. Col. Fellows said that the Republicans said, "Go West if you want to see enthusiasm for Blaine." He went, but didn't see it. The farmers said that they would not vote for so corrupt a man. He met out there some farmers and revenue officers who told him that the enthusiasm was greatest in the East.

THE Buffalo *Courier* says: "The Blaine press boasts that it is not making a defensive campaign. Very true; it has given up all attempts to justify either the record of the candidate or the record of the party."

SCHURZ ON THE STUMP.

The Independent Republican meeting in the Brooklyn Grand Opera House on Tuesday evening proved a jam, and many who desired to do so were unable to enter the building. Carl Schurz made the principal speech. He said he wished to address himself to Republicans, and appeal to their reason as men who loved their country. The tariff was not the question which they had to meet, and the charge that the independent Republicans were free traders was false. The question was whether honest government could be attained. Would not the endorsement of such a man as Blaine be dangerous to good government? He read several of the Mulligan letters and remarked that Mr. Blaine's friends disliked very much to be brought face to face with them. He went into the history of the Mulligan letters, showing Blaine as Speaker in an unenviable light and unmasking his selfish purpose to become rich from government land grants to railroad corporations. Of Gov. Cleveland Mr. Schurz said:

"In justice we are bound to say that there is a man whose record of honest, intelligent and efficient administration are remarkably clear and correct; who has not only promised but performed; whose performance, in fact, went ahead of the manifesto; who has proved himself to be seen in an eminent degree the prudential requisites of executive efficiency, which are incorruptible integrity, a clear head, a well informed mind, a devotion to duty, sleepless iron industry, a good judgment, a high sense of official honor, a keen instinct of justice, and that rare courage which, when over the public good requires it, firmly resists not only the opposition of a hostile party but, which is more difficult, the enthusiasm of party friends. You fear that another party coming into power will, in its eagerness to get possession of the offices, turn out the good men together with the bad, and you ask whether there is a man who as President would be strong enough to withstand the pressure of his partisans. I admit you cannot find many strong enough to do this, but I do not think I risk anything in saying that Mr. Cleveland is one of the few. I should not be surprised if he were the strongest of them all. As to the higher spheres of statesmanship, it may be remembered that in every position of power assigned to him he has shown an ability to perform its duties beyond the expectation of his friends. And when he now says, as he did a week ago in accepting the nomination, that he considers himself pledged to give to the people the utmost benefits of a pure and honest administration of national affairs we may recall the fact that so far not one of his pledges has remained unfulfilled. Indeed, a man with just such a public record and just such qualities might be seen in the presidential chair without alarm whatever party name he may bear, for he need only follow his own example in order to adopt from any party what is good and to reject, even coming from his own party, what is bad. He would be especially what the hour demands—the representative of courageous conscience in the administration of public affairs."

In regard to the infamous libel on the private character of Governor Cleveland circulated by the Republican press, Mr. Schurz took occasion to say:

"And here I may remark, by the way, that the scandalous stories recently circulated about Mr. Cleveland's private character have to my knowledge been traced into by several parties separately—by men of high standing in Buffalo, by a elected gentleman on the editorial staff of the *Independent* and by others—and that the reports of all of them, as they have come to me, based upon a conscientious study of the facts in the case, agreed in pronouncing these stories monstrous calumnies on the man, which will recoil upon the inventors. The public will undoubtedly hear more from the investigation through the press. With this conviction I stand here speaking for Governor Cleveland."

The immense audience were so well pleased with the remarks of Mr. Schurz that at the close they broke out into applause which lasted several minutes and then they unanimously passed a resolution thanking him for his "able, instructive and patriotic address." It must be admitted that although this speech was made from an entirely independent stand point, it has sounded the key-note of the campaign. Its effect cannot be otherwise than to work great damage to the prospects of the Republican candidates.

BEECHER WILL SUPPORT CLEVELAND.—A New York dispatch says that the rumor of Henry Ward Beecher hesitating about supporting Governor Cleveland was set at rest on Friday. Gen. Horatio C. King, a member of Beecher's church, went, at Beecher's request, to Buffalo a few days ago and investigated the scandal concerning the Governor. He reported to Mr. Beecher that he had made a thorough inquiry into Cleveland's life for many years back, and that he was satisfied that the recently published story was scandalous and false.

Mr. Beecher was so favorably impressed with Gen. King's statement that he said to a reporter of the Brooklyn *Union*: "I have been undergoing a judicial process; I have been way down in the mud, but now the clouds are breaking away, and I am beginning to understand that these stories about Gov. Cleveland are untrue and a vile slander. You can say that I expect to brand the men who have promulgated them as blackmailers and liars, for I now expect the Governor acted the part of a man in this affair.

"I shall take the stump for him and tell the people of this country that they must elect him President. I shall enter this campaign with an enthusiasm second only to that with which I entered the war. Take my word for it, this scandal will make Governor Cleveland President."

TACKLED THE WRONG MAN.—The *New York Tribune*, in endeavoring to break the force of the "Know-Nothing" charge against Blaine, says: "The only articles of a proscriptive tone which can be attributed to him are those which were printed in the paper with which he was connected when he first went to Maine, thirty years ago, a young man of twenty-four." Exactly. Mr. Blaine was a Know-Nothing in the "Know-Nothing" times of 1854-5, just thirty years ago, and it appears even the *Tribune*, in its laughing defense, does not deny that fact. But, says this great unvenicious organ, Grover Cleveland, about that time, was voting for the pro-slavery Democracy of Buchanan and Jeff Davis. As Grover Cleveland was born March 18, 1837, he was but seventeen years of age *about that time*, and consequently didn't vote at all. The candidate referred to by the *Tribune* as "voting for the pro-slavery Democracy of Buchanan and Jeff Davis" is no doubt John A. Logan, the author of the Black laws of Illinois.—*Doylestown Democrat.*

GEN. JAMES R. HERMIER, the soldier, merchant and police commissioner, died at his residence, near Baltimore, on Tuesday morning last. His health had been impaired since the war. He was a native of Maryland and became one of its most distinguished citizens. The remains were interred with the highest military honors in Loudon Park Cemetery on Thursday.

At Gettysburg he led his regiment in the attack on Culp's Hill and was dangerously wounded and captured. He remained at Johnson's Island until 1864, when he was exchanged for a lieutenant colonel of a New York regiment. In thirty days he was again with his regiment in front of Petersburg; and after the surrender of Lee he went into the commission business in Baltimore.

He was at his death brigadier general of the three Maryland regiments of the first brigade, and one of the three police commissioners of Baltimore.

THE CHARGES DISPROVED.

HOW A "REVEREND" LIED ABOUT GROVER CLEVELAND.

A List of Baseless Accusations Connected Against the Governor—The Character of His Calumniators Shown in Their True Light.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The refusal of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher to support Gov. Cleveland for president if the scandalous story, published by the Buffalo *Telegraph* about the candidate was found to be true has caused a great deal of discussion. At Mr. Beecher's solicitation Gen. Horatio C. King went to Buffalo recently to investigate the stories.

"The paper in which the slander was originally published," said General King, "is an insignificant, sensational sheet, and one of the strangest things is that other papers in good standing seem to give credence to the story."

He said he had no doubt that more prominent men than the editor of the *Telegraph* were behind the scurrilous scandal, and the indignation in Buffalo over the affair is very great, the general sentiment being only contempt for the men and paper.

In an interview yesterday General King said he left Brooklyn last Monday determined to get at the bottom facts of the case, if possible, for his own satisfaction and in order to set Mr. Beecher's mind at rest.

"I felt confident," he continued, "that these stories about the governor were false, because the whole character and life of the man repudiated the cowardly and unmanly outcrop of abuse to which I had my high opinion of him was fully justified on finishing my investigation. I learned enough to convince me that he had been wrongfully accused. I went everywhere and did quite a little bit of detective work on my own account. The facts seem to be that many years ago, when the governor was 'sowing his wild oats,' he met this woman, with whom his name has been connected, and became intimate with her. She was a widow and not a good woman by any means. Mr. Cleveland, learning this, began to make inquiries about her and discovered that two of his friends were intimate with her at the same time as himself.

A VICTIM OF CIRCUMSTANCES.

"When a child was born, Cleveland, in order to shield his two friends, who were both married, assumed the responsibility of it. He took care of the child, and mother like a man, and did everything in his power for them, and he provided for them until the woman became a confirmed victim to alcoholism and made it impossible by her conduct for him to have anything to do with her. He never separated the mother and child, nor did he do anything to injure the woman. He was, throughout the whole affair, a victim of circumstances. He received responsibilities that no one man in a thousand has shouldered and acted honorably in the matter. I questioned many men in Buffalo who have known the governor for years and I found that he was admired and respected even by those who disliked him personally.

THE OTHER STORIES ARE FALSE

"Ex-Supervisor Kramholz, of Buffalo, had served in his official capacity while Cleveland was mayor. He had known him for years, and assured me that the first intimation of immorality or anything of that kind which he had seen came from the sheet that published the scandalous story. Like many men, Mr. Cleveland likes good living and good company, but he never goes to excess in anything, and he respects the opinions and the prejudices of others. The other stories told about the governor cannot be substantiated; indeed, the evidence all goes to show that they were manufactured out of whole cloth. No one seemed willing to father them; it was, 'I heard this and heard that,' and 'So-and-so told me this.'"

A HEROIC ACT.

"After the child was born the woman made a habit of visiting every man with whom she had been intimate and demanded money under a threat of exposure. Threats of her fear adulteress—for she was an attractive woman—were married, and the man who in reality was the father of the infant had an interesting daughter whom he idolized. He was in constant dread lest his offense should reach his wife and child, and Cleveland, being the only unmarried man, relieved him of his embarrassment by shouldering all the responsibility. The man is dead and the child is his perfect image in manner and looks. Cleveland acted a heroic part, suffering the obloquy that his friends might not bring unpleasantness to their heartsides."

From Buffalo Gen. King went direct to Albany and called on Gov. Cleveland. "I told him," added the general, "that Mr. Beecher was very much disturbed by these stories that have been circulated about him, and that I would like a statement from him about them. The governor then frankly told me that my version of the stories was substantially correct, and that the account published in the Buffalo *Telegraph* was false and scandalous. 'I acted throughout,' he said, 'as any honorable man should.'"

"No man," continued Gen. King, with some warmth, "could have looked at the governor and not have felt that he was speaking the truth. I am sorry this thing came before the public at all; it may force the Democratic party to show up the private life of the Republican candidate, and you can take my word for it there is a scandal in the life of the Plumed Knight that I would not like to see published even about an enemy."

THE REVEREND ACCUSER.

"The Rev. Ball, who originally fathered the story," said Gen. King, "is the pastor of a small Baptist church in Buffalo, and formerly held a position in the custom house. He has a campaign orator, who puts the highest value on his political labors. Senator Pitts, of Erie, it is alleged, paid Ball $250 for services rendered in a political contest while county treasurer. H. R. Jones and Mr. Sisson were tied to an equal extent. Ball claimed that he had done Jonathan Scoville some service when the latter was in congress and tackled the congressman for $50, asking Cleveland to back up his claim. But the governor refused to do this, good-naturedly giving the worthy Ball the sum he was in need of.

"How he was regulled the events of the last few days will show. The delegation that the governor visited the club house on Grand Island, a resort of hot and drunkenness, as Ball says, is ridiculous. The club house was the headquarters for the best families of Buffalo, where such people as Judge Haight and his family were daily to be found. Ball continues that the governor was one of a riotous party who accompanied Oscar Folsom when the latter was thrown from his carriage and broke his neck. This is an outrageous and actually ridiculous perversion of the trouble, as all Buffalonians know that Folsom's only companion at that time was Warren Pease.

REV. MR. MITCHELL TO RETRACT.

"A clergyman named Mitchell, who has been in Buffalo three years, and who is an old friend of Blaine, having preached in Washington years ago, seems to assist Ball in his work. He had his facts second-hand from Ball, as the governor has been away from Buffalo during almost all the time of Mitchell's ministrations, and he does not hesitate to prefer grave charges, the truth of which he has no means of knowing. As a consequence the more respectable members of his flock are fast leaving him, and if he continues in his present course a serious split in the congregation is imminent. However, I understand he is about to back out of the ridiculous allegations urged against Cleveland."

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND'S SLANDERER.—A special from Owensville, Ind., to the Indianapolis *Sentinel* says: "The people of our county do not expect much of the Rev. Mr. Ball, of Buffalo. They remember the record he made in this county when he was here only about a year ago. Does he not remember the insult he gave a Christian lady in the town of Owensville, the hem of whose garments he is not worthy to touch? He was offered the choice of humbly apologizing to the lady or a sound thrashing. He selected the former and left town next day."

THE *Woman's Journal*, of October 18, after investigating the Cleveland slander, pronounces him blameless and supports him editorially.

MR. JOHN W. HOOVER lost his life at Pulman on Tuesday week. While walking on the track at the station he was struck by an approaching train, and died within an hour. He did not appreciate the proximity of the train, and though called to by a friend, did not hear him. He was a well-to-do farmer of Houtzerville, at the foot of the mountain.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE MOUNTAIN.

NEW OXFORD RECORDINGS.—Corn is growing rapidly since the rains of the past week. It is surprising to see the improvement.

Now is the time to destroy weeds before they ripen into seed—farmers should not leave one stand in their fields to multiply and sap the vegetable substance of the soil which would produce instead a fine crop of wheat or grass.

The majority of our town's people attended the camp at Gettysburg for several days.

The barbed fencing is causing a number of accidents to animals, but the farmers object to having the matter published.

The masons have commenced the brick work of J. E. C. Miller's new house in this place.

The weather prophets are here with their predictions of an extremely hot August. Thus far we have had no indications of such being the case—therefore we don't intend to prepare for it.

The encampment of the National Guard at Gettysburg this week was one of the largest ever held. The grandest sight we most ever beheld was on Wednesday last, review day.

Persons in want of fine properties should come to New Oxford. There are a few for sale.

New Oxford will go ahead this summer. Some of our people are determined to stop for a short time at some noted place, and will make a trip to mountain and sea-shore, some to campmeeting, others to rural districts, and some west. Some are taking short trips and others long ones. So it goes.

The hog cholera is increasing in this neighborhood as well as in other places. Several farmers lost hogs.

Improvements in various ways are going on in this place. New Oxford may become a city yet. O.

OTHER COUNTIES.—Cashier Logan has severed his connection with the Dillsburg Bank.

A huckster in York county had a number of chickens drowned whilst crossing a stream.

A barrel of cider in Lancaster county seven years old is said to be as sweet as if just from the press.

A woman in Lancaster was sent to jail for drunkenness on her wedding day.

The new Lancaster crematory is to be completed about September 15.

Lewis A., son of Hon. John A. Magee, of the New Bloomfield *Democrat*, died on the 25th ult., of diphtheria, aged about 11 years.

The Blue Mountain House is said to have upwards of four hundred guests.

THE Cholera panic has been revived at Marseilles.

—It was his membership of consistory council of "Know-Nodalings" that gave Blaine the title of the "Plumed Knight."

—The "American Political Alliance" is the latest Know-Nothing concern.

—A severe thunder storm visited Beatrice, Neb., last week. Lightning struck the farm house of Nathan Miller, killing his four daughters while they were asleep.

—A foul well in Erie has caused one death and poisoned an entire neighborhood.

—Vanderbilt predicts that wheat will sell for 60 cents a bushel this year.

—The tallest flat house or family hotel in New York has ten full and three attic stories in front, fifteen stories in rear, and measures 170 feet from cellar to roof.

—A woman in Maine is cutting her fourth set of teeth.

—A 15-year old beauty of Greenbush, N. Y., eloped with a rag peddler 60 years of age.

CURED BY LIGHTNING.—Abraham Cuddeback, a respected citizen of Damascus, Pa., was stricken with paralysis three months ago. He became helpless and no one of the physicians could do him any good, and many were tried. On Tuesday week a large bolt of lightning struck a house close by his residence, hurling him from his chair and rendering him for a time unconscious; but when he came to he had entirely recovered the use of his limbs and was in apparent health. He also became suddenly hungry, and his appetite, which had become impaired, returned. The physicians are giving the strange case a thorough investigation.

JAMES G. BLAINE, in 1855, as editor of the Kennebec *Journal*, the leading Know-Nothing organ of Maine, advocated a twenty-one years' residence for foreigners to entitle them to vote. The outcome of the bigoted crusade was the tarring and feathering of a Catholic priest, Rev. John Balch, on the streets of Ellsworth, Maine, in August, 1854, at the hands of a Know-Nothing mob.

GEN. BUTLER is said to be a capital poker player. That is the only manual labor that this eminent workingman indulges in.—*Mobile Register.*

If there is any work to be done that requires sturdy and manly qualities Cleveland is the man to do it without fuss.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

A FARMER'S PATIENCE EXHAUSTED.—A farmer living near Waterbury, Conn., had been trying for five days to get a load of hay in his barn in good condition. Five times he had been stopped by the rain when the work of loading was in process of completion. His patience was well nigh exhausted, as each time the hay had to be opened, dried and stacked again. On last Thursday afternoon, under a flattering sun he started for the sixth time to barn the hay. He speedily and the load on the way home in excellent shape, but before he could reach the barn one of the heaviest showers of the season came pouring down upon the load. For a moment the farmer stood still, and then became so enraged that he unhitched his horses in the road, and taking out his match safe from his pocket he set the hay on fire and allowed the whole business—hay, rakes, forks and cart—to burn to ashes.

AMONG the individual converts to Blaine, that of P. T. Barnum is the latest announced by the organ. As the great showman has always been a Republican, and was so prominent in his party as to be the Republican nominee for Congress in his district, announcing his as among the converts to Blaine would seem to imply that the whole Republican party must undergo conversion to support the Republican candidate.—*Phila. Times.*

A CLEVELAND pole in Franklin county has a new broom at the top, which means a clean Democratic sweep.

LARGEST stock of Hats and Shoes ever opened in Gettysburg at ECKERT'S. 819

WE have something to suit everybody in Dry Goods and Notions.
m13.tf J. L. SCHICK.

UMBRELLAS & Trunks at Eckert's. j31

D. BLOCHER & CO.'S High Grade Phosphate continues to win friends on its own merits, and is manufactured by a firm that will keep it up to the standard. jne24.tf

A LARGE assortment of TRUNKS and VALISES low at Schrader's. My9.tf

I HAVE just received a large lot of the celebrated Carlisle Shoe. R. M. ELLIOTT. a1.tf

FOR a neat fitting and long wearing Shoe go to SCHRODER'S m3.tf

MEN'S Hand and Machine made Shoes of all kinds and at prices that are cheap at ECKERT'S. M23. tf

FOR Queensware, Glassware and Dishes of every description, go to Wm. Spangler's. The largest stock in Gettysburg to select from. m18.tf

FOR a good Smoke or Chew call at My9.tf GEO. E. STOCK'S.

BEFORE buying your Suit be sure to *call at King's* and be convinced it is *your interest* to buy of him. His stock for men's and boys' wear equals any in town, and he guarantees satisfaction in *prices* and *fit EVERYTIME*. Call and see. York street, Gettysburg. m30,'83.tf

WANTED.—Carpet Rags. Highest cash price paid. A. D. MARR. jy29.tf

AN ACKNOWLEDGED FACT.—

If you want a *large stock* to Select from and the *latest style* Hat, you must go to

M23. tf ECKERT'S.

REMOVED! REMOVED!

THE KIEFFER GROCERY STORE opens out at the old stand of DANNER & ZIEGLER, on BALTIMORE STREET, with a full supply of fresh GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and QUEENSWARE.

Thankful for the good custom we had at the corner, we hope to prove ourselves equally worthy of patronage at the new location. m25.tf

A LARGE STOCK of School Books and Stationery, Bibles, Hymn Books, &c., are offered at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. F1. tf

SPRING SILKS and Dress Goods in immense variety. J. L. SCHICK. m13

SHOES of ALL KINDS and at ALL PRICES at ECKERT'S. m23.tf

FOR SALE CHEAP, a two-seated Platform Spring Wagon, with Pole and Shafts. Call at S. H. SCHOLTZ'S wagon-maker shop. a1.tf

NEW SPRING HATS at R. M. ELLIOTT'S. a1.tf

EVANS' STANDARD SHEET MUSIC.—We are now selling all the Latest and most Popular Pieces of the day at the uniform price of *5 cents a copy.* This music is the same in every respect as that which has hitherto been sold at from 30 to 75 cents a copy. Call for a catalogue at J. M. HUBER'S, Baltimore street. N20.

FULL assortment of Jersey Waists at reduced prices at SCHICK'S.

A STITCH in Time Saves Nine, and those raising stock, owners of milk cattle, and especially farmers getting their horses in good condition for spring work, will find this proverb true by securing a supply of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders. Manufactured and for sale at J. M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. Mr1. tf

THE purest imported Brandies and Wines and reliable Liquors for medical purposes and family use, can be had at the Eagle Hotel. N7. tf

TRUSSES.—Hard Rubber, Celluloid, and leather covered steel, in French, German, Half, Hood, Jones and other patterns with hard or soft pads. Every truss warranted to fit and give perfect satisfaction; at A. D. Buehler & Co's. Drug and Book Store, Gettysburg, Pa. a16.tf

J. M. HUBER urgent for and keeps on hand all the popular Patent Medicines of the day; also a full line of Drugs and Medicines, all which he sells cheap. F1.tf

PEARL SHIRTS are the best made, to be had at J. L. SCHICK'S. m13.tf

COAL.—Call on Henry Overdeer for the best quality lime, also best quality coal for blacksmithing and steamers, and all kinds of family coal delivered in town. aug5.tf

A FULL line of Men's and Boys' Shoes to be had at R. M. ELLIOTT'S. a1.tf

$20 REWARD.

LOST, between the Depot and Camp Gettysburg, on the 8th of August, a KNIGHT TEMPLARS MASK, having inscribed thereon the name of W. Greenland, Chariton, Pa. The above reward will be paid by leaving the same at this office, or addressing the owner, W. W. GREENLAND, Clarion, Pa. Aug. 12, 1884. 3t

JURORS FOR AUGUST.

GRAND JURY.

Bollinger D. R., miller, Union township.
Collins James H., butcher, Mountjoy twp.
Diehl Alex. R., merchant, New Oxford bor.
Gilbert H. R., merchant, Berwick borough.
Howe David F., brickmaker, Hunterstown.
Hollinger David K., grain, Berwick boro ugh.
Keller J. W., J. P., Franklin township.
Klunk Joseph, farmer, Conewago twp.
Myers John H., farmer, Straban township.
Pittenger Jonathan, carpenter, Tyrone twp.
Plank John E., farmer, Huntington twp.
Plank David L., farmer, Straban township.
Quickle Frederick, farmer, Straban twp.
Reitzenstein John H., merchant, Gettysburg.
Rider Wm., gent, Germany township.
Schriver Jacob C., farmer, Straban township.
Schwartz John, farmer, Cumberland township.
Sherly Abraham, merchant, New Oxford bor.
Snyder Jesse, farmer, Mountpleasant twp.
Spence Hanson D., teacher, Franklin twp.
Sanders H. J., wheelwright, New Oxford bor.
Spangler N. S., plasterer, York Springs bor.
Troxle Emanuel C., farmer, Highland twp.
Wolf Gilbert L., farmer, Latimore twp.

GENERAL JURY.

Adams John, farmer, Berwick township.
Allwein George, farmer, Berwick township.
Blocher A. R., farmer, Menallen township.
Bushman Silas, farmer, Union township.
Brown Gregg, farmer, Hamiltonban twp.
Brown John D., farmer, Highland township.
Cremer Jacob W., farmer, Mountjoy twp.
Cole Jacob J., laborer, Franklin township.
Clabaugh Amos, blacksmith, Conewago twp.
Daugherty David, blacksmith, Highland tp.
Day Daniel, miller, Huntington township.
Diehl John, gent, Littlestown borough.
Eckert Thos., farmer, Mountpleasant twp.
Frommyer John H., farmer, Straban twp.
Gonter Peter, farmer, Mountjoy township.
Geisselman Michael H., farmer, Mountpleasant township.
Heltzel Martin, baker, New Oxford borough.
Hines Alex., gent, New Oxford borough.
Hartman Solomon, farmer, Menallen twp.
Holtz Joseph, farmer, Straban township.
Howard Stephen, shoemaker, Reading twp.
Hart Peter, wheelwright, Franklin twp.
Hoffman Geo. W., farmer, Mountjoy twp.
Klunk Jacob, ex sheriff, 1st ward, Gettysburg.
Kim James, carpenter, Germany township.
Kauffman Jacob, farmer, Huntington township.
Kincaman John, teacher, Berwick township.
Kuhn John D., laborer, Franklin township.
Lippy E. H., farmer, Mountpleasant twp.
Marsh Daniel, farmer, Butler township.
Murray Levi, farmer, Germany township.
May John, farmer, Mountpleasant township.
Made Henry A., farmer, Huntington twp.
Middlemer Isaac, farmer, Cumberland twp.
McGreary Jesse, miller, Straban township.
McCreary Chas. M., miller, 3d ward, Gettysburg.
Plank Harvey S., boarding-house keeper, Cumberland.
Peters George A., farmer, York Springs bor.
Slentz John A., farmer, Cumberland township.
Sanders Ephraim, miner, Hamiltonban twp.
Single Philip, farmer, Reading township.
Smith David C., farmer, Mountpleasant twp.
Schmell H. K., merchant, New Oxford bor.
Stayton Noah, farmer, Mountjoy township.
Troxle John A., laborer, Huntington twp.
Topper John A., wagonmaker, Liberty twp.
Wierman Nicholas, farmer, Menallen twp.
Wierman Jacob H., laborer, Menallen twp.
July 22, 1884. 4t

CUMBERLAND VALLEY

State Normal School,

SHIPPENSBURG, PA.

FALL TERM BEGINS

SEPTEMBER 1, 1884.

For Catalogues and further information, address

S. D. HEIGES, PRINCIPAL.

Aug. 5, 1884. 1m

J. A. KNOUSS

MARBLE WORKER,

ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

THOSE NEEDING

MONUMENTS, TOMB STONES,

&c., will do well by calling at J. A. Knouss' Marble Yard, in Arendtsville, Adams county, Pa. Anything in the line, of Italian or American marble, promptly furnished and satisfaction guaranteed. Work delivered anywhere in the county, and prices as low as the lowest. Give him a call and see the different styles of work. June 16, 1884. 3m

WANTED.

YOUNG Ladies and Gentlemen to learn Telegraphy at the SHIPPENSBURG TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE. Tuition $20.00; Boarding from $2.50 to $3.50 per week; Business Course $10.00. Address

R. R. MOHLER,
May 6, '84.-6m Shippensburg, Pa.

Administrator's Notice.

DANIEL BARKDOLL'S DECEASED ESTATE. Letters of Administration on the estate of Daniel Barkdoll, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Straban township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

BENJAMIN BIGHOLTZ,
July 22, 1884. 5w Administrator.

NOTICE.

Notice and final account of JAMES N. KELLY, Assignee of ABSALOM H. DOWDRICK AND WIFE, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said court, on MONDAY, the 18th day of AUGUST, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.

S. A. SMITH,
July 15, 1884. 4t Prothonotary.

REMOVED!

A. J. SMITH

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has removed his STOVE AND TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT to YORK STREET, nearly opposite the Globe Hotel, Gettysburg, where, with more room and increased facilities, he will be better than ever prepared to please his customers. All the best makes of

STOVES

on hand or had on short notice, and all at the lowest cash prices. He also keeps a full stock of all

House Furnishing Goods

usually found in his line.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING

A SPECIALTY.

Thankful for past patronage, he asks a continuance of the same.

April 1, 1884. tf

KINGSDALE STORE ENLARGED.

NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned has ENLARGED HIS STORE, at Kingsdale, Adams county, on the railroad two miles south of Littlestown, and added a fine stock of NEW GOODS, embracing

Dress Goods, Domestics,

Gettysburg Compiler.

Tuesday Evening, August 12, 1884.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

LOCAL FLASHES.—Father Bell's second excursion to Pine Grove Park to-morrow.

—Our town needs a very thorough "cleaning up." Authorities and citizens should see to it at once.

—The re-union of the Brinkerhoff family will be held in a grove on John G. Brinkerhoff's farm, part of the original Brinkerhoff property, on Thursday, the 21st of August. New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Illinois, and Pennsylvania will be represented.

—Stephen Stanley has sold his hotel in Hampton to John H. Gross and John H. Krone, of York county, for $3,000 cash.

—"The History of Asiatic Cholera," on our first page, will be read with much satisfaction.

—Another well-written article, on "Cremation," by a different writer, will appear next week. Also one on the "Devil's Dun."

—See advertisement of Pennsylvania College, one of the very best institutions of learning in the State.

—The Athaneum boys are in camp on the Conowago at Dicks's.

—The Union Sunday School of Fairfield will pic-nic in G. W. Scott's grove, on Marsh creek, next Thursday, where they will be glad to see all friends of the school.

—Salem Sunday School will have a pic-nic at Flatbush School-house on Saturday, the 30th of August. The public invited, and refreshments on the ground.

—Prof. Eberly has resigned his chair in Lebanon Valley College and will locate in Abbottstown, says the York *Pennsylvanian*.

—A game of base ball between the Brown Stockings of Littlestown and a National Guard Nine, on the Fair Ground, Friday afternoon, resulted in a score of 23 to nothing, in favor of the former.

—A game of base ball between the Star Club of York Springs and the First Nine of Mechanicsburg resulted in 23 for the former to 6 for the latter.

—The Grangers' Pic-Nic at Williams' Grove August 25th to 30th.

—Wm. A. Leas recently killed one old and sixteen young opossums in a nest near Bragtown.

—Twenty-five dollars in money, a watch chain and some clothing were stolen from the residence of Eli Leatherbery, near Bragtown, Friday night week.

—Emmitsburg had its first water through the mains last Wednesday—an important event in its history. A *Creamery* is now talked of.

—A large excursion of colored people from Harrisburg and other points is expected here to-morrow.

—Rev. H. N. Minnigh will deliver an address at Round-Top on Tuesday, Aug. 19, at 2 P. M., and answer the question, "Who fought at Round-Top."

—August Court begins next Monday. Will delinquents please remember the printer?

THE cavalry shaft on the Rummel farm will be dedicated on the 16th of October next. The 100th P. V. on Tuesday placed a tablet in the rear of a clump of trees on the avenue, the objective point of Pickett's charge.

TO PINE GROVE TO-MORROW.—Don't forget that Father Bell's second excursion to Pine Grove Park will come off to-morrow (Wednesday.) The train will leave Gettysburg at 8 o'clock and stop at the Arendtsville road, Goldenville, Biglerville and Bendersville stations. Round-trip 70 cents; children half price. Turn out and enjoy the grand excursion.

BRIDGE CONTRACTS.—Mr. J. M. Pittenturf having declined the contracts for the building of the bridges at Lilly's mill and Gitt's mill, both on the Little Conowago, the County Commissioners yesterday awarded them to Mr. Joseph J. Smith, (the next lowest bidder,) the former at $1,077.37½ and the latter at $874.62½.

The contract for the building of the bridge over Big Conowago, above Arendtsville, was on Saturday given to Mr. Samuel Stoniffer, of York, at $958.58.

PERSONS indebted for tolls to Solomon Starner & Son, at Starner's Station G. & H. R. R., are requested to call and make settlement for the same immediately. a12.3t*

LOST, during Encampment of National Guard, 1 pair cuffs and gold sleeve buttons with letter B on them; also one gum overcoat. A liberal reward will be paid for either of the above if returned to THOS. J. STEWART, Asst. Adjt. Gen'l., G. A. R., 1,202 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. 1t

FAIR BUILDINGS.—The Agricultural Board yesterday purchased about 45,000 feet of the camp lumber from Wm. A. Hines, and with it expect to put the Fair buildings in good shape for the approaching exhibition. The prices vary from $6 to $11 per thousand feet.

THE second excursion from Gettysburg to Luray Cave will take place on Thursday, September 4th. Everybody was delighted with the first and will be with the second. No more inviting excursion was ever gotten up here. The G. A. R. Fest has it in charge, and will leave nothing undone to make it pleasant.

NEW ROUTE.—The Postoffice Department has made the new Gettysburg and Harrisburg Railroad a mail route, and appointed A. H. Stover, of Bendersville, agent. Philadelphia mails are brought over it twice a day. Goldenville, Bigler, Centre Mills, Bendersville, Wenksville and Idaville are reached by it. The stage from Bendersville to Gettysburg will supply Arendtsville and Mummasburg as heretofore. The stage from Bendersville to Hunter's Run is discontinued.

A SELECT SCHOOL for Young Ladies will be opened at McKnightstown about the 15th of September. Application for tuition to be made to J. G. Flower. a12.4t*

A SOLDIERS' REUNION will take place in Williams's Grove on Tuesday, the 26 of September. The Post at Gettysburg will participate.

The G. A. R. of the State will encamp at Bellefonte next Saturday.

EXCURSIONS from Baltimore to Round-Top are to run Tuesdays and Fridays at $1.25 the round-trip.

FATAL RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.—On Sunday morning, Mr. E. J. Wade, Sr., his wife and two sons, of Blue Ridge, and Mrs. McCrea, of Philadelphia, started for Gettysburg, and when going down the Mountain, but a short distance from home, the horses were frightened by dogs, became unmanageable and ran away. The wagon was overturned and all injured. Frank Wade received injuries from which he died about three hours later. Mr. Wade was badly cut and bruised about the head and limbs. Edward Wade, Jr., received internal injuries which may prove fatal. Mrs. Wade and Mrs. McCrea escaped with a few slight injuries. The wagon was a total wreck.

TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—*Conductor and Fireman Killed.*—During a week of wonderful activity on the railroads, not a scratch of injury to any one of the thousands of passengers and employees was reported. But about noon on Saturday a terrible accident occurred on the South Mountain part at the edge of Carlisle, where a train of seven cars filled with returning soldiers and three baggage cars left the track at a frog, and after running a short distance on the ties, the engine and tender went over an embankment and upset. The particulars appear to be: The locomotive was the heavy 42 of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, run by the regular engineer and fireman, accompanied by Mr. Griffey as "pilot." Mr. Small, the conductor, had gone forward and was also on the engine. When the danger seemed imminent, Mr. Small jumped, and, falling, was caught by the forward baggage car and horribly mutilated by the wheels passing over him. His death must have been instantaneous. The engineer and pilot jumped off on the other side and escaped with slight injury. The fireman had evidently not left his post, but was carried down by the tender falling upon the rear of the engine. His lifeless body was also horribly crushed. He was a young unmarried man from Chambersburg, named Fuller Thompson.

Conductor Small was one of the most clever and accommodating of conductors, and had made many friends here and along the new road. The news of his death shocked our entire community. He removed his family, consisting of a wife and five small children, to Gettysburg about the first of April. His wife, an invalid for some time, was taken from a sick bed by special train to Carlisle on Sunday afternoon, her physician, Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, accompanying her. Col. Fuller and other railroad officials called upon her on Sunday morning to express their heartfelt condolence and offer such assistance as the sad case suggested. The interment of the body was fixed for to-day at Marlinsburg, Va. Mr. Small's age is given at 43 years 10 months and 29 days. It is reported that he had his life insured for $5,000.

An inquest was held on the bodies of the dead men, and the verdict exempts the railroad company from blame. Gen. Boyd thinks that less than $2,000 will repair the damage to the locomotive.

The accident caused delay to other trains, and the mail for Gettysburg did not arrive until Sunday morning. The soldier trains were dispatched over the Harrisburg and Potomac Railroad, and little detention to them occurred.

Mr. William Givler has been appointed conductor in Mr. Small's place. He has experience and will make a very acceptable officer, as his older brother does.

The management of the road has been characterized by the utmost care and vigilance, and the occurrence detailed is as unaccountable as it is sad.

THE RAILROAD BUSINESS.—Col. Fuller's road, the new Gettysburg and Harrisburg, carried fully 35,000 people to and from the Gettysburg encampment, making 70,000 fares. The freight was simply enormous. No one unacquainted with the wants of such a gathering can estimate its extent. We are told that all the trains numbered 350 and the cars used 1,050.

The runover road carried 5,000 people and quite a large amount of freight.

THE WATER SUPPLY.—Last week settled the capacity of the new water works. The wants of the camp, large as they were, did not get ahead of the pump, and the reservoir remained full all the time. The ample supply and fine quality of the water combine to make the new work one of the rarest successes—and Gettysburg may always be proud of it.

EARTHQUAKE.—Philadelphia was so little frightened about 2 o'clock on Sunday afternoon by an earthquake shock. It sounded like a heavy explosion or distant thunder. All the towns along the Atlantic coast report having felt it. Even here some were sensible of the shock. In York, Harrisburg, Allentown, Reading, Wilkesbarre, and other interior towns, as well as through New Jersey and New York, considerable alarm was created. The shock or vibration lasted about 10 seconds. At Boston six distinct shocks were felt. At a number of points chimnies toppled over and other damage was done. The reason for it is what is now bothering the heads of the scientific.

OUTRAGEOUS ASSAULT.—Near Ghilfelter's station, on the N. C. R. R., eight miles from York, on Friday morning, two tramps outraged Miss Lillie S. Klindinst, a respectable young lady of 18, who was on her way from a neighbor's. She could hardly tell her story when she reached home, so overcome was she. The whole neighborhood became aroused, and the villians were caught at a store in the neighborhood. A determination to lynch them could hardly be kept down. They proved to be young fellows from York, named Ilgenfritz and Mantis, aged 17 and 19 years, and recently from the House of Refuge. They confessed their guilt, said they were sorry, and are now in jail at York. Their punishment cannot be too severe.

FROM BUTLER.—James Heller has erected a nice barn in Butler township.

Henry Deardorff, of Butler township, has purchased the Peter Miller property in Arendtsville at $1,300.

Hezekiah Snyder has received the contract to carry the mail from the postoffice to the railroad in this place at $75 per year.

Jacob Mowery has a pear limb two feet long and three-quarters of an inch thick that bears 68 pears of good size.

The prospects are for a good corn crop through this section.

Apples are plenty, but peaches very scarce. S.

ARENDTSVILLE ITEMS.—The corn crop looks very promising; it is curing very well; the prospect is for a big yield.

Mr. Henry Beamer and wife, of this place, contemplate a trip to the far west this week, to see relatives and the country.

Nearly all the citizens of this place and the surroundings spent a day or two at Camp Gettysburg and were well pleased at what they saw.

News scarce. G.

FROM MUMMASBURG.—Samuel Buehler is preparing to build a large straw shed in the barn-yard of his home farm; he will also enlarge the yard, which is surrounded by a substantial stone wall.

Mrs. Peter Hart, in this place, has a potatoe stalk in her yard which has no less than six hundred flowers. A beauty.

Run Off.—On Tuesday, whilst working on the road near this place, two of J. R. Kunkle's horses hitched to a sled ran off with the driver, Herman Kunkle; the boy seeing his danger jumped from the horse and was struck by the sled, receiving some painful bruises.

Messrs. Keltonmas' steam thresher is at work in our village; yield generally good. ANON.

SHERIFF PLANK on Saturday sold the following real estate. Farm of Michael Minter, 100 acres, in Huntington township, to Marvin H. Minter at $7,301; property in York Springs to Abraham Trestle at $1,030, and the timber land to S. Mac. Swope, Esq., at $130. Property of John Getz, in East Berlin, to John F. Butt at $1,075. Property of William Metz, in Hamiltonban township, to George W. Wertz at $926.

DEMOCRATS, look to the assessments!

THE N. G. P.

The Most Successful Encampment Ever Held in the State.

REVIEWS.—PARADES.—CROWDS.

Camp Gettysburg, the all-absorbing point of interest during the past week, attracted thousands of visitors daily. With each day the number of spectators increased, and the crowds of Wednesday and Thursday have rarely, if ever, been equalled here. The drills during the day and evening parades always proved highly interesting, while the hospitality of officers and men were appreciated by their civilian guests. In most of the companies the army rations were supplemented by all the delicacies of the season, making camp fare fit for epicures.

Tuesday was devoted to rifle practice by regiments, regimental inspections in front of division headquarters, company drills, artillery practice, and various other duties connected with military life. In the evening dress parade by the first and second brigades attracted a host of visitors.

Wednesday proved the big day of the camp. At 9 o'clock, amid a salute of artillery, the Sheridan troop galloped up to headquarters escorting two carriages containing Gen. Phil. Sheridan, Secretary of War Lincoln and son, and Col. Volkmar, Col. Gregory and Col. Mike Sheridan, of the Lieutenant General's staff. The Governor and Major General, with their staffs, met the distinguished guests in front of headquarters. After the guests had been properly received the members of the three staffs were ordered to their saddles, and headed by Gen. Sheridan, Governor Pattison and Gen. Hartranft, rode over to third brigade headquarters. Gen. Sigfried met and escorted them through the brigade camp, Gens. Beaver and Snowden performing the same office in their respective brigades. The cavalcade stopped at the different regimental headquarters and were saluted by the officers, while the men stood at their tent-ov formed in the company streets. Frequent cheers were given as the party rode along. The afternoon parade in comparative quiet; preparatory to the grand turn out in the evening. Long before the hour fixed, 5 o'clock, the parade ground was crowded with thousands of people on foot and in vehicles, covering the long slope in front of headquarters, but before the column moved the mass of carriages and people had to fall back before a line of cavalry sent to clear the ground. When at last the line was complete and Gen. Sheridan, in full uniform, with Gen. Hartranft and both staffs, cantered along the line, the picture was a grand one. They halted at each brigade to receive salutes from bands and drum corps. Returning to the headquarters, Gen. Sheridan and escort took their places, while the entire division, headed by Major General Hartranft, passed in review. At the conclusion, the famous cavalry commander remarked: "The finest review I have seen since the disbandment of the Army of the Potomac."

Among the visitors at division headquarters during the day were Col. Geo. Meade, son of the winner of the great battle fought here, ex-Adjutant General Latta, Chairman Cooper, and Mayor Smith, of Philadelphia. The Sheridan party left at 6.30 in the evening.

On Thursday the regimental inspections were finished, and the usual daily drill work performed. Thousands of visitors who came to see Sheridan's review to-day were sadly disappointed, not having found out that his going to the Greely reception at Governor's Island had caused him to visit the camp a day earlier. Those who remained for the evening witnessed dress parade by the second and third brigades.

In the evening a number of officers and ladies and ladies and gentlemen from town had a delightful hop at the Springs Hotel. Gov. Pattison and Miss Riley, of Harrisburg, led off in the opening march.

On Friday the limits of the campgrain combined a vast concourse of visitors, the chief attraction being the Governor's review.

Among the soldiers all interest centered in the rifle team contests for skill in marksmanship. The matches were at 200, 500 and 600 yards. Two prizes were offered by the State, the one for brigade teams of twelve men each being a bronze statuette of a Roman Centurion, valued at $175, the other a cup of hammered silver with a delicately chased figure of a rifleman and inscriptions, worth $200, for regimental teams of four men each. The brigade match resulted in favor of the third, who scored 612 out of a possible 850, the first brigade scoring 627 and the second 593. The Thirteenth regiment, belonging to the third brigade, carried off the regimental prize, by a score of 343 out of a possible 420. Governor Pattison delivered the prizes to the victors in highly complimentary terms.

Soon after 5 o'clock all was life in the company streets, the regiments forming preparatory to the grand review by the Governor. When the long line of infantry, artillery and cavalry were in position the Governor and commander with their staffs rode along their front and rear, ominous clouds all the while accumulating over head. As the third brigade marched by in review a slight rain commenced falling, which increased during the time occupied by the second brigade until, as Gen. Snowden approached at the head of the first, the rain came down in torrents. The Governor declined a proffered overcoat, determined to shame the discomfort with the men, his now silk hat saluting all the colors as they passed. The bands played on as if all was serene and regiment followed regiment with precision of movement, seeming to forget that all concerned were being thoroughly drenched. When, at last, the artillery and cavalry had saluted, the scene rapidly changed to one composed of bodies of troops hurrying to quarters. The spectators did the best they could to keep dry, seeking every available shelter. A picturesque scene—an inny in the rain.

Camp formally broke after the review and active operations in the way of packing went on. Six long trains steamed out to camp, where regiments of the second and third went aboard and were taken out the same night, preceded by Governor Pattison and staff in a special train. Saturday the rest of the two brigades went, and on Sunday the first brigade took the cars for home, leaving camp deserted except by a few to guard the tents until dry enough to pack. Gen. Hartranft and staff went out on the last train, at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon, thus closing one of the most successful encampments of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

The First City Troop rode to Carlisle, from whence they would go to Philadelphia by rail. Part of Co. D, First regiment, marched through town Saturday afternoon intending to take the same route.

The health of the camp has been good. A number of men were prostrated by the the heat and had to be carried off the field. All have recovered. A few slight hurts from accidents are reported.

Most of the soldiers took in the battlefield, many of the companies making the trip to Round-Top in a body. Battery A dragged their guns to the position occupied by their predecessors, the Keystone battery, and fired a volley. They also went through part of the drill in the Diamond.

On Thursday Col. Bonnaffon marched the third regiment through the town and back to the National Cemetery, where he and Col. Weidenhain made brief addresses and a memorial service was held.

During the time of the camp town has been quite full of soldiers, who in daytime kept our streets lively, though without disturbance. Thanks to the efficiency of provost guard under direction of Col. Pettit, and his assistant, Lieut. Woodward, aided by the borough police, the order in town at night has been remarkably good. Except the quiet movements of the men on guard, scarcely a sound could be heard.

N. G. P.—The National Guard is paid by the State whilst encamped at the following rates per day: Major General, $20.88; Brigadier General, $19.28; Colonel, $9.04; Lieutenant-Colonel, $8.83; Major, $6.56; Captain, (mounted,) $5.56; Captain, $5; First Lieutenant and Adjutant, $5; First Lieutenant and Quartermaster, $5; First Lieutenant, (mounted,) $4.56; First Lieutenant, $4.17; Second Lieutenant, (mounted,) $4.17; Second Lieutenant, $3.89; Orderly Sergeant, Sergeant Major, Quartermaster Sergeant, Principal Musician, Hospital Steward and Sergeant, $3 each; other Sergeants, $2; Corporals, $1.75; Musicians and Privates, $1.50.

LITTLESTOWN ITEMS.—The Misses Rohrbaugh have pulled down the old toll gate house, mid-way between this and Two Taverns, and are erecting a new dwelling.

Dr. A. L. Bishop purchased a building lot, 40x70, at Taneytown, Md., for $500, and is erecting a dwelling and store house thereon.

Carbaugh & Wolf threshed for Chas. Duttera 608 bushels of wheat in one day.

Our grain and produce merchants are doing a brisk business for this season of the year. Shorb & Fink have bought already 9,000 bushels of new wheat.

Harry Myers has purchased half a building lot, 34 feet front, on Frederick street, of Andrew Long, for $850, upon which he will immediately erect buildings.

Miss Jennie Sherry is having her house remodeled and brick cased on Gettysburg street.

Miss Eliza Weeds has sold her house and lot at Kingsdale to the Misses Hamner for $1,000.

Last Monday afternoon a wind, rain and hail storm passed over Taneytown and Union Mills, Md., doing considerable damage.

Rev. John W. Forrest, who graduated at Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, Pa., was home visiting his parents. He has been appointed to take charge of the M. E. church at Mont Alto, Pa.

Christ's Church Reformed Sunday School will hold their celebration in James A. Lefevre's grove Aug. 23. The Silver Run Cornet Band will furnish the music.

Last Sunday week a number of our citizens attended the Encampment at Gettysburg. Our churches were well filled and neither was our town depopulated.

Mrs. Harry Cline and daughter Sidney are spending several weeks at Ocean Grove and Asbury Park.

Christ Church Reformed charge have granted their pastor, Rev. J. Kretzing, a three-weeks' vacation. First, the latter will be spent at Mountain Park, Warnersville, near Reading, Berks county, Pa.

Money orders and postal notes issued at the Littlestown postoffice last week amounted to $271.88.

Kump & Gravely have started a cigar manufactory near Spalding's school-house, in Germany township.

Rev. Ignatius Renaud, who officiated for the past two years in St. Aloysius Catholic church, has been transferred to St. Mary's county, Md. By his devotion to duty and filial affection he had endeared himself to his people, who congregation regret very much to lose the services of so faithful a priest.

Rev. D. N. Dittmar will supply St. James Reformed church next Sunday afternoon. EAGLE-EYE.

Littlestown, Aug. 11.

FROM THE EAST END.—St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran congregation of Hanover is engaged in the erection of a parsonage on Abbottstown street. It will be one of the finest residences in that borough.

The newly organized Trinity Reformed congregation of Hanover is also engaged in the same work. Its parsonage occupies an excellent situation on high ground at the lower end of York street, and presents a neat appearance externally. It is now in the hands of the plasterers. The church in the course of occupation by the same congregation is so far advanced as to indicate its style. It is asserted that it will be the neatest and most convenient, though not the largest, church in Hanover. The architect and contractor is Mr. E. Roth, of New Oxford.

Frederick Hilbish, aged about 19 years, the second son of Rev. H. Hilbish, of Hanover, died of typhoid fever on last Sunday night at the residence of an uncle in Bellevue, Ohio.

The Hanover Steam Fire Engine Company intend to hold another Horticultural Fair and Exhibition in the hall of their engine house during the last week in September.

Mr. S. L. Whitmer, of Penn township, York county, obtained from three acres of Pfeiffer wheat an average of 43½ bushels per acre. It looks as if this year may be an exceptional one as regards the crops. Hay, wheat and oats have been excellent; corn promises to be abundant; potatoes ditto; and the apple trees are loaded with fruit.

Whilst flushing the water mains in Pleasant street, Hanover, a live eel 2½ feet long and weighing 1½ pounds was ejected into the gutter.

The artillery salutes fired in your town during the encampment of the National Guard were heard in Hanover.

Charlie Baker, aged 15, son of Jacob Baker, residing on the pike between Abbottstown and East Berlin, while at the latter place last Wednesday, had the index finger of his right hand cut off by a circular saw. The hand also was badly lacerated.

About 50 years ago, on the borders of Union and Conowago townships, was built the widely known Kitzmiller's dam. It was a huge sheet of water covering between 25 and 30 acres of ground, and was a popular resort for fishermen and bathers. The years are fast passing by, it was drawn down in a freshet. Some of the ground it occupied is now under cultivation. The old resort is missed by not a few lovers of the art piscatorial.

Aug. 9, 1884. PIGEON HILLS.

"ROUGH ON RATS" clear out Rats, Mice, 15c.

"Rough on Corns," for Corns, Bunions, 15c.

Thin people, "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.

"Rough on Toothache," instant relief, 15c.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu-paiba," great kidney and urinary cure.

Piles, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by "Rough on Rats," 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.

For children, slow in development, nervous and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist." Tooth Powder. Try it, 15c.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

Mother Swan's Worm syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation; tasteless. 25c.

Stinging, Irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer."

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; "Buchu-paiba" is a quick, complete cure. $1. ag.12,3t.1yeow

STYLISH HATS at Eckert's. 18.tf

THE *Gazette* says that seventy-five buildings were erected in Waynesboro' between the first of January and the first of July.

DON'T GIVE UP YET.—It doesn't follow that a patient will die because the doctors have "given him up," or that he will recover because they promise to "pull him through." It is never too late to try the great virtues of Parker's Tonic. Mr. Michael Guilfoyle, of Binghamton, N. Y., was cured of Rheumatism by it after ten years of unspeakable suffering. Mr. R. W. Moser, druggist, of same city, certifies that he has sold over a thousand bottles of Parker's Tonic through his reputation for this and other cures.

THERE is not a single prisoner in the Huntingdon county jail.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.—Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years."

Trial Bottles Free at J. M. Huber's Drug Store. Large size $1.00. (6)

BURGLARS have been operating extensively in Huntingdon county recently.

USE Acker's English Pastilles for Consumption. Sold by J. M. Huber.

"OH, don't propose to me here!" exclaimed a young lady, whose lover was about to pour out his avowals as they were riding by a corn-field. "The very corn has ears."

CASTORIA.

When Baby was sick,
We gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child,
She cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss,
She clung to Castoria.
When she had Children,
She gave them Castoria.

THE McConnellsburg *Democrat* says that it is altogether probable that a bank will shortly be established in that place.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS.—The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free. n21.1y

THE dearest girl on earth is the one that eats the most ice cream.

"AN ounce of prevention is worth more than a pound of cure." By the use of Parmenter's Musical Cleanser or Tonacea, you can avoid severe attacks of Typhoid Fever, Bilious, Spotted and Intermittent Fevers, and Cholera; as the different degrees of the above diseases depend altogether upon the condition of the blood. [3]

LIEUTENANT SCHWATKA fell off a rocking-chair the other day and broke his arm. This is hard luck for a man who passed scathless through an Arctic expedition.

WHY suffer with Malaria? Emery's Standard Cure Pills are infallible, never fail to cure the most obstinate cases, purely vegetable, contain no quinine, mercury, or poisons of any kind; pleasant to take, sugar-coated. All druggists—25 and 50 cents.

"CYRUS FIELD proposes to rebuild the monument to Andre, the British spy"—when Blaine gets in.

LADIES should remember, a beautiful complexion results from using Acker's Blood Elixir. Sold by J. M. Huber, at $1.

HENRY WARD BEECHER'S library is valued at $130,000.

A PAINFUL SKIN DISEASE.—Mount Joy, Pa., July 25, 1881.—*G. Palestein:* For the benefit of the afflicted I desire to relate my case. All this spring and early summer I suffered from a painful and exceedingly annoying skin disease, breaking out in watery eruptions around my neck and on other parts of my body, and itching almost to intolerance when I perspired. Neither could I rest at night. When the circulars of your medicines were sent around I at once bought a bottle, and commenced using it. And now, after using about three bottles, I am entirely cured of my annoying disease, and I feel healthier and stronger than for several years past.

HENRY HERCHELROATH.

Sold by Dr. J. P. Bonneman, Druggist, Gettysburg.

RAW onions are said to be a sure cure for snake bites if applied at once.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.—The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. M. Huber. 1y8.1y

A CATSKILL man has a fruit which is half lemon and half orange; one side sweet and the other sour.

AS a sure remedy for Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Torpid Liver, Biliousness, &c., no medicine has equal Dr. Maxtaxe's Mandrake Bitters. N. H. Downs' Elixir is the oldest and best cough remedy in existence. Bruises, scalds, burns, sprains, cuts, &c., either on man or beast, are speedily cured by the use of Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment.

MRS. KATE CHASE SPRAGUE is studying painting in Paris, and is said to be as charming as ever.

"I DON'T feel well!" The stomach is out of order; neglected, this means chronic dyspepsia. You should take Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets and avoid this terrible disease. Sold by J. M. Huber.

Two car loads of beer daily go into Des Moines under the prohibition law.

YOU CAN HAVE IT.—"My dear, what would I give to have your baby?" is often said by middle-aged ladies to young ones. Madam, you may have just such baby. Parker's Hair Balsam will give it to you. It will stop your hair from falling off, restore the original color and make it long, thick, soft and glossy. You need not wait for children to grow up the gray. The Balsam is not oily, not a dye, but is an elegant dressing, and is especially recommended for its cleanliness and purity.

AT one of the Coney Island hotels ten thousand plates are always ready.

HOW TO GET WELL.—How to keep well and bestrong and vigorous are questions of vital importance. This is answered and convincing proofs furnished in an *Illustrated Pamphlet* concerning the Health Guide, Dr. Stiefel, which gives soothing, strengthening cures of Electricity and Magnetism. It can be worn by any one, night or day, at work or at rest, and overcome weakness or disease without dragging the stomach. Pamphlet sent free mailed. Sealed, 4 cents postage. Address, American Galvanic Co., No. 1103 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. jy8.3m

THE Luke Voorhees cattle ranche in Wyoming comprises 1,000,000 acres of land and has a water frontage of 30 miles.

D. D. CLARK, Grant C. H., W. Va., says: "Having used Fahrney's Blood Cleanser or Panacea, I can recommend it as a good household remedy. It is so pleasant to take that the children ask for it when they refuse to take other medicine. As a blood cleanser it cannot be excelled. It is also a powerful remedy for Dyspepsia. The Panacea should be in every house in America."

WASHINGTON ladies are wearing not only artificial, but natural fruits in their hats and bonnets.

ALL FOR 50 CENTS.—Mr. E. C. Walker, Editor "Truck and Road," *The Spirit of the Times*, New York, after an exhaustive interview with all leading horsemen, stablemen, sportsmen, drivers and breeders of horses of the country, states that St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-cure, will do all that is claimed for it in the cure of aches, pains and suffering in man and beast.

TUCSON, Arizona, the inhabitants claim, is the oldest city in America. It was originally an Indian village.

CROUP, Whooping Cough and even Asthma *immediately* relieved by Acker's English Remedy. Sold under guarantee by J. M. Huber.

A CALCUTTA cooler is a glass jar, imbedded in a thick felt box, and covered with red calico. Ice can be kept in it 48 hours without melting.

OVERBRAIN work and excesses reduce the vitality and cause nervous exhaustion, etc. The Pastille treatment is a radical cure. Harris Remedy Co., St. Louis, Mo., send *free trials*.

THE menhaden fishers off Newport harbor caught over six thousand barrels of fish on one day last week.

NEVER GIVE UP.—If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by J. M. Huber. 6

THE Turks say the Suez canal is the channel through which Asiatic cholera was introduced into Europe.

CALL at Eckert's for bargains. J13.tf

HUMPHREY'S Homeopathic Specifics and Witch-Hazel Oil. No family should be without them. They are invaluable among children. Call and get a manual giving full instructions for their use. A full assortment at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. Mr1.tf

WORM CURE.—Dr. Amberson's Vegetable Vermicide, a reliable, palatable and safe remedy for Worms, price 25 cents per bottle, prepared and sold by J. M. Huber, Druggist, Gettysburg. mr11.tf

WHITE BRONZE.—Wm. N. Miller has now in connection with his Marble business the sole right for selling the White Bronze Monuments and Statuary in Adams county. These monuments are cast from pure New Jersey refined zinc, and are warranted never to crumble or change color from weather or age. A specimen can be seen by calling at the marble yard, on East Middle st., Gettysburg, Pa., where he is also prepared to show a large variety of photographs of work made of this material. Jy2.1f

H. B. DAGNE having been appointed salesagent for Wanamaker & Brown, has a large collection of Samples at his store, in the Diamond, from which to select Suits, &c. o17.tf

MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG.
Corrected by J. Gev. Wolf.

Flour	$	5 50
New Wheat	78 @	80
Fetz Wheat	75 @	77
Rakings	65 @	70
Corn		65
Rye		58
Oats		32
Flax-seed		1 50
Timothy-seed		5 00
Clover-seed		60
Buckwheat		

NEW OXFORD.
Corrected by H. S. Myers.

Extra Flour	$ 6 00 @	6 00
Superior "	4 50 @	5 00
Rye "	3 00 @	3 50
Prime Longberry Wheat		80
Fultz Wheat	78 @	80
Rakings	65 @	70
Rye	55 @	58
Corn	55 @	56
Oats	30 @	33
Buckwheat	50 @	55
Clover-seed	4 00 @	4 50
Timothy-seed	1 25 @	1 50
Flax-seed	1 15 @	1 20
Chop Rye	90 @	95
Brown Stuff	25 @	30
Timothy Hay	7 00 @	9 00
Rye Straw, bundles	8 00 @	9 00
Rye Straw, loose	5 50 @	6 50
Wheat Straw	4 00 @	4 50
Pork	6 75 @	7 00

BALTIMORE.

Flour	$ 4 50 @	5 00
Wheat	97 @	1 00
Rye	67 @	75
Corn	66 @	65
Oats	40 @	45
Eggs, 20 doz.	8 @	9
Beef Cattle 9 head	4 00 @	5 00
Hay	13 00 @	16 00

MARRIAGES.

Aug. 5th, at Littlestown, by Rev. E. J. Motzer, Mr. CHARLES HERBAUGH, of Mountaing, Pa., to Miss EMMA MOSER, of Carroll county, Md.

Aug. 5th, by the same, Mr. SAMUEL A. WEIGLE, of Littlestown, to Miss SARAH A. CHARLES, both of Littlestown.

Aug. 7th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. M. L. Culler, Rev. Wm. Bender of the York District, Rev. H. T. SPANGLER, of Bendersville, this county, to Miss CLARISSA S. SKILES, of Dickinson township, Cumberland county.

Aug. 5th, at Conewago Chapel, Mr. FRANCIS FUHRMAN, of Mt. Rock, this county, to Miss MARY ANN, oldest daughter of Mr. D. Gossman, of York.

On the 9th inst., by Rev. T. J. Barkley, at his residence, on Wolf's Middle street, Mr. JOHN A. BEEKES, of Boston, Mass., to Miss LUELLA F. BARNSHAW, of Gettysburg.

In Baltimore, July 9th, by the Rev. John Connelly, Mr. PHILIP GILKE, of Hampstead, Md., to Miss DELILAH C., daughter of Aaron Wisler, of this county.

DEATHS.

Deaths Free—To Rates, Verses, &c., 5 Cents Line.

On Wednesday, at the residence of his son, C. H. Myers, in Mechanicstown, Md., Mr. HENRY MYERS, aged 84 years and 11 months.

In Butler township, July 25th, Mrs. SARAH E., wife of John S. Roth, and daughter of John and Mary A. Lutz, aged 26 years 8 months and 12 days.

In Franklin township, Aug. 3d, IDA ELIZABETH, daughter of A. T. and Rebecca E. Kling, aged 1 month and 16 days.

At Littlestown, Aug. 3d, ANNIE M. E. MOONEY, aged 31 years 6 months and 2 days.

Aug. 3d, near Two Taverns, LOTTIE BELL GERBICH, aged 7 months and 10 days.

At the Alms-House, July 31st, LEWIS R. MOLFORD, aged 79 years. Buried at Gettysburg.

In Hamiltonban, Aug. 4th, Mr. HENRY WINTER, aged 70 years 3 months and 15 days.

Near this place, on the evening of the 6th inst., Mr. JACOB AULABAUGH, aged 73 years 9 months and 28 days. Deceased was formerly a resident of Littlestown, this county, and was highly esteemed.

July 31st, LUCRETIA, daughter of Ferdinand Hawver, of Freedom township, aged about 17 weeks.

July 26th, in Hampton, BERTRAND SCOTT, son of Emile A. and Mary E. Tepper, aged 1 year and 5 months.

July 25th, in Hanover, MAGGIE, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bringham, aged 1 year 10 months and 11 days.

Aug. 6th, in Hanover, Mr. J

Gettysburg Compiler.

Tuesday Evening, August 12, 1884.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

CHINESE COOKERY.

The Chinese, in the matter of cooking, occupy the same position in Asia that the French do in Europe. They excel other Asiatics in the art of cooking, and prepare many savory dishes as yet unknown to us. The needs of so vast a population as that of China has led to the use, by the poorer classes, of many articles of food which we, in this land of plenty, would reject with disgust. Despite this fact, the Chinese are choice eaters, and those that have the means will spend large sums to gratify their appetites.

One of their favorite dishes is made of dog's flesh. But not any dog will answer. The kind used as a delicacy is not a common street cur, but is specially reared for the purpose, just as we rear various domesticated animals for table use. The Chinese edible dog is a small animal, almost destitute of hair, fattens easily, and makes a savory dish.

Shark's fins, deer sinews, duck's tongues, &c., are also among the delicacies of Chinese cookery. These articles are prized for the gelatine they furnish.

The nests of several species of the swallow are esteemed a luxury. These nests are found adhering to rocks and in caves. They are formed of grass, seaweed, and small leaves, and are attached to the rocks by a sort of bracket made of a gelatinous substance. This bracket is the part that is eaten. These nests are sold in the Chinese markets at from $10 to $25 per pound, according to the quality. They are used for thickening rich soups. They weigh about half an ounce, and are said to be very wholesome and nourishing.

The flesh of turtles forms almost a staple food of the natives of large districts in the tropics, and is cooked in various ways. But no method of culinary preparation excels the one credited to the fastidious citizens of Pekin. The recipe is as follows: Take a live turtle and deprive him of everything to drink long enough to make him exceedingly thirsty. Place him in a kettle of cool water in such a position that while his body will be immersed he will not be able to get his mouth down to it. At the side of the kettle, within reach of his turtleship, place a bowl of cool and spicy wine. This done, set the kettle on the fire. Urged by thirst, the turtle eagerly drinks the wine; and as the slowly heating water in which he floats grows hotter and hotter, his thirst increases, and he drinks deeper and deeper of the wine, until suddenly he is boiled and dies, full of the wine, and fragrant through the intermediate fibres of his unctuous flesh with the rich condiment he has so plentifully imbibed. Luxury and art have reached their acme in this dish! EPICURE.

PREPARING FOR WHEAT.

If winter wheat is to be sown after early oats, peas, beans, early potatoes, or corn-fodder, the moment the crop is off the ground, stick in the plow, or gang, or cultivator. Do not wait for rain. The weeds and stubble will pump up more water from the soil than any ordinary rainfall at this season will be likely to furnish. If you plow, or in anywise work the land, it will not only destroy the weeds and check the rapid evaporation of water, but should we have a shower, the rain will penetrate deeper into the worked soil, and render it soft and mellow. We have everything to gain and nothing to lose by promptness in plowing immediately after the previous crop has been harvested.

In four years out of five, the principal difficulty in sowing winter wheat in proper season is to get the soil moist enough to cause the wheat to germinate vigorously and evenly. We must recollect that the soil, even during a severe drouth, contains in the first two or three feet a great many thousand gallons of water per acre, and still more at a greater depth. This water is constantly rising towards the surface. Any growing plant pumps it up out of the soil, and evaporates it into the atmosphere. The amount of water thus evaporated is enormous. The bare soil evaporates water from the surface as long as there is any to evaporate, but the loss of water from a bare soil is nothing in comparison with the loss on land upon which plants are growing.

In the winter wheat section of Western New York we sow our wheat from the 1st to the 20th of September. It is ready to cut from the first week in July to the first of August, varying greatly in this respect according to the season. As we go South, wheat is sown later in the autumn, and is ready to harvest earlier in the summer.

Where the Hessian fly is troublesome, we have to avoid early sowing in the autumn. The fly lays its eggs in the young wheat plants in the autumn, and late sowing is one of the remedies. On the other hand, when wheat is liable to injury from the Midge, we have to avoid late sowing. The Midge flies lay their eggs in the ears of wheat when it is in blossom, and an early crop of wheat is far less liable to injury than a late crop.

Fortunately neither the Hessian fly nor the Midge has done much damage of late years, and the tendency among our best wheat-growers is towards earlier sowing. After the first of September it is thought desirable to sow as soon as the soil can be got sufficiently moist and mellow. It is just here where promptness, good judgment and science are all requisite. Rain will help us, but it will help us still more if we go to work as though no rain was expected. As we said before, there is water enough in the soil, but it is not near enough the surface to cause the seed to germinate. What we have to do is to bury all the weeds, stubble, and growing plants, and keep the surface soil fine by the frequent use of the cultivator, harrow, and roller. We know this is easier said than done—but in our strong wheat land it is the general experience that much of our success will depend on our ability to get the wheat well started in the early autumn.—*American Agriculturist.*

DO NOT GALL THE HORSES.—The rush of mid-summer farm work is very trying on horse-flesh. The side draft of a reaping or moving machine frequently causes galled necks and shoulders. The usually tough skin of the horse is softened by the flow of perspiration, and a rough, ill-fitting collar, a useless, chafing back-pad, or a projecting buckle quickly produces pain. No one can blame a horse for faltering, when ordered to press its raw and bleeding shoulder against the collar, that will sink into its bruised flesh. To avoid galls, all parts of the harness should fit closely. A laboring man is careful in buying boots of proper size. He could not endure twelve hours of hard labor while his feet were cramped within an unusually small space, or in boots so large that his feet slip in them and wear the skin away by constant friction. As a rule, horses are worked in too large collars. A soft pad placed under such will prevent galling. When the animals are brought in from work, the harness should be removed at once and cleaned, and the necks and shoulders well washed with castile soap and water. After bathing the worn parts at night, rub on some softening oil. Use no oil in the morning. The collar should not be oiled, as it will then gather dirt through the day and form a rough coating, that will chafe the exposed parts. Keep all parts of the harness clean, especially those that press upon the horse, and see that the same is true of the portions of the horse against which the harness presses. It is much easier to prevent than to cure a gall.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to know what to do to prevent cut-worms from destroying young tomato plants, several new shoots having been cut off in a night.

Where a stalk has been severed the worm that worked the mischief will be found very near, usually in the hill, and, if taken in hand at once, can be disclosed by the hoe and killed. This is the surest means of getting rid of such pests.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Farm and Home* says that a "small handful of carbonate of lime placed in each hill produced the best potatoes we ever raised. They are better than any of our neighbors raised; so everybody is trying to get our good potatoes, for ours did not rot as others did."

BEFORE the grain crops of 1884 are threshed, cribs and granaries should be well cleaned of the remnants of the last crop and thoroughly aired. This removes everything which vermin can work on as well as every taint of its presence. The new crop will then go into wholesome quarters.

SQUASH AND CORN, SPANISH STYLE.—Take three small summer squashes and three ears of corn; chop the squashes and cut the corn from the cobs. Put into a saucepan a spoonful of lard or butter, and when very hot an onion, fry a little; add the corn and squash, one tomato and one green pepper cut small, and salt to taste. Cover closely and stir frequently to prevent scorching.

TOMATO CHOWDER.—Slice a peck of green tomatoes, six green peppers and four onions; strew a teacup of salt over them. In the morning turn off the water, and put them in a kettle with vinegar enough to cover them, a teacup of sugar, one of grated horseradish, a tablespoonful of cloves, allspice, and cinnamon, each. Boil until soft.

SPEAK well of your employer, if at all. If he becomes insufferable, tell him so and quit his service. Speak well of your hired men, if at all. If they become insufferable, tell them so and discharge them. Such a course may be helpful to employer and employed.

WHEN very hot and exhausted, instead of drinking too much cold water, roll up your sleeves and take a good wash, wetting well up on your wrists. 'Tis wonderfully refreshing.

A SIMPLE FLY TRAP.—A writer in an English magazine, describing the reptiles and insects which infest India and make life miserable there, tells of the following simple way in which the inhabitants of themselves of the ordinary house fly, which is there, in proportion to this country, in a ratio to 1000 to 1. Water is poured into a bottle to the depth of an inch or two, and floated over with a little oil. The inside of the mouth is then moistened with some syrup or preserve, and the bottle placed at the disposal of the flies. These keep clustering over the mouth and dropping in, each fly, the moment it touches the oil, sinking through and getting drowned; and as the flies accumulate the water keeps rising till the bottle may become filled with them nearly to the neck.

PAID IN HIS OWN COIN.

"I was in Marion county the other day," said a lawyer to a reporter of the Lafayette (Ind.) *Courier*, "and heard of the death of an old man I had known there, and it recalled a peculiar case of retributive justice in that family.

"Years ago the old man owned one of the best farms in the county, and his son assisted him in working it. The son married, and had a son. When the grandson was about 15 years of age, his father suggested to his grandfather that, as he was growing old, and had worked hard all of his life, he take things easy and rest the remainder of his days. He asked the old man to deed the farm to him, and let him take sole charge of it, with the aid of the grandson. He promised the old farmer a good home and easy life as long as he lived. The old man finally deeded the property to his son.

"No sooner had he obtained the title to the property than the son began a system of the most heartless treatment of his father. He compelled him to work harder than he had ever done for himself, would not permit him to eat at the family table, and subjected him to all kinds of persecution. The grandson protested in vain against this treatment of his grandfather, and finally the old man left the home that he had made and found an asylum in the county poorhouse.

"After awhile the son got badly in debt, and so anxious was he to escape payment of his obligations that he made a deed of the farm to his son. Everything moved smoothly for a time, until one day the farmer gave some instructions that did not agree with his son's ideas, and the latter refused to consent to them. The father declared that his wishes should be carried out, and ordered his son to leave the place. The son, however, reminded him that he held the title to the farm himself, and that as they could not get along together, the father would have to go, and he did.

"After the departure of the father, the son re-established his grandfather in possession of the farm, deeding back everything. The old man, however, gave the farm absolutely to his grandson, who provided amply for the old man until he died. The boy's father was offered a home on the old place, but refused to accept anything but the title to it all, and the last heard of him he was working as a farm hand in Wabash township, this county."

FLORENCE MARRYAT says that when Dickens was writing "David Copperfield," and at a time when its publication in serial form was about half completed, an American firm procured somebody to write a conclusion, and thus put a bogus one on the market. This version of the story married David to Agnes rather abruptly. Dickens had intended the same thing, but when the news of the audacious piracy reached him he forthwith introduced Dora, and made her David's wife with as little delay as possible.

A DRESSMAKER in Lowell, Mass., is annoyed with a drunken husband, and his actions became so bad that she got tired of supporting him. She is owner of the house she has been living in, and one day in his absence she moved the furniture to her shop and sold the house. The husband went to a lawyer in a rage, but found himself powerless.

FEW people but forgers know that the bank note paper, upon which American national bank notes and bonds are printed, is all made at Dalton, Mass.

PROFESSOR PROCTOR says the earth is still in her youth. That explains why she goes around so much and is out so late of nights.—*Texas Siftings.*

AT 20 man wonders why he was not born sooner; at 30 he cannot understand why he was born at all.

DR. THOMPSON'S EYE-WATER

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN. Relieves and cures RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, BACKACHE, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, FROSTBITES, BURNS, SCALDS, And all other bodily aches and pains. FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages. The Charles A. Vogeler Co. (Successors to THOMAS DAVIS) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

HOLDSTEINS TRADE MARK AROMANNA

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Diseases. *Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Distress after Eating, Belching of Food, Etc.* This purely vegetable preparation surpasses any medicine recommended for the above diseases. Give it a trial. Price, 25 and 75 cents. ☞ For Coughs, Colds, Croup and Throat Affections, use DR. HAE'S SWISS BALSAM. It never fails. Contains no injurious opium. G. HOLDSTEIN, Proprietor, Woodbury, N. J. For sale by J. P. Brenneman, Druggist, Gettysburg, Pa. Dec. 10, 1883. 1y

$11,950 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY To SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

This Special Deposit is to guarantee the payment of the 25 premiums fully described in our former announcements. The premiums will be paid, no matter how small the number of bags returned may be. *Office Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.* D. A. WILLEY, Cashier Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C. DEAR SIR—We inclose you $1,000, which please place on Special Deposit to pay premiums for our Cherry tobacco bags to be returned Dec. 15th. Yours truly, J. B. CARR, President. *Office of the Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.* J. S. CARR, Esq., *Pres. Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.* DEAR SIR—I have to acknowledge receipt of $11,950 from you, which we have placed upon Special Deposit for the object you mention. Yours truly, D. A. WILLEY, Cashier. None genuine without fac-simile of BULL on the package. ☞ See our other announcement.

DOWNS' ELIXIR. N. H. DOWNS' Vegetable Balsamic ELIXIR. This article is in daily use by scores, who testify to its wonderful efficacy in the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, and every species of oppression of the Chest and Lungs. In all cases where this Elixir has been duly administered its efficacy has been marvellous and astonishing the most incredulous that CONSUMPTION is not incurable, if properly attended to. Consumption, at its commencement, is but a slight irritation of the membranes which cover the lungs, then an inflammation, when the cough is more often and harder, night sweats become local fever and the pulse more frequent, the cheeks flushed and children become consumptive. This Elixir in using the above complaints, operates as a tonic to remove all morbid secretions and inflammation from the lungs to the surface, and finally expel them from the system. It allays the irritation, it heals the ulcerated surfaces and relieves the cough and makes the breathing easy. It supports the strength and at the same time reduces the fever. It is free from all strong opiate and stringent articles, which are so often used by the profession as to be prescribed to destroy life patients, whereas this medicine never dries or stops the cough, but, by removing the cause, generally destroys the bottle before the cough is entirely gone. Consequently, when the cough is cured the patient is well. Send address for pamphlet giving full directions for cure of pulmonary diseases. Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per bottle. SOLD EVERYWHERE. HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt. DOWNS' ELIXIR.

For sale by Dr. J. P. Brenneman. Jan. 2-1y

ELGIN WATCHES SILVER WARE AND JEWELRY. CLOCKS. ELGIN WATCHES. J. N. WOLF, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, McClellan's Opera House, GETTYSBURG, PA. Jan. 17, 1883. tf

Health is Wealth! HEAD. BRAIN. DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT. Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by J. M. HUBER, Druggist and Bookseller, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 20, 1883. 1y

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of AUGUST, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

275. First and final account of Benj. F. Baker, Administrator of the estate of George Biffle, late of Freedom township, deceased.

279. First and final account of Peter H. and Aaron F. Kauffman, Executors of the will of Christian Kauffman, late of Reading twp., dec.

280. First and final account of Chas. A. Softon, Executor of the estate of Mary Catharine Barnhart, late of Hamiltonbanville township, deceased.

281. First and final account of J. Henry Fahs, Executor of the will of Henry Fahs, late of Union township, deceased.

282. First and final account of Mrs. Alverta C. Hinkle, Administratrix of the estate of John Hinkle, late of Littlestown borough, dec.

283. Statement and account of John Curl, Guardian of Chas. E. Hinkle, minor son of Jacob Hinkle, late of Mountpleasant twp., dec'd.

284. Account of D. E. Snyder, Administrator of the estate of David Y. Little, late of Highland township, deceased.

285. Final account of Sebastian Wise, Guardian of Philanona Wise, late a minor child of Franklin J. Wise, deceased.

286. First and final account of Henry Grove, Executor of the will of Daniel Grove, late of East Berlin borough, deceased.

JERE. SLAYBAUGH, Register. Register's Office, July 22, 1884. 4t

J. R. STINE & SON, Merchant Tailors, Clothiers, AND Gents' Furnishers, BALTIMORE STREET, Opp. Court-House, GETTYSBURG. Nov. 7, 1883. tf

Parlor & Cook Stoves OF ALL KINDS. THE VERY LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED STYLES. TIN, SHEET IRON AND HOLLOW WARE. Coal & Lumber OF ALL KINDS. C. H. BUEHLER'S WARE ROOMS, Corner of Carlisle street and the Railroad GETTYSBURG, PA. Feb. 21, 1884. tf

REDFRONT Fahnestock & Skelly. SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING The Cheapest and Prettiest Stock of Goods in the county. Black Silk at 75 Cts. as good as can be sold at $1.00 a yard. Black Cashmeres, Colored Cashmeres, Black Ottoman Suitings, Colored Ottomans, Black Moulees Suitings, Black Nun's Veilings, COLORED NUN'S VEILINGS, COLORED ALBATROSS, BLACK BUNTINGS, COLORED BEAD BORDERS, SHEPHERDS PLAIDS, CASHMERE BEIGE, WESTBROOK SUITINGS, BRIGHTON SUITINGS, TOILE DU NORDS, CHAMBRAYS, AND ALL THE LATE STYLE DRESS GOODS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, GLOVES, STOCKINGS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c. HOME-MADE CARPETS a specialty. HARDWARE, GLASS, OIL, PAINTS and we will not be undersold. Agents for HARRISON'S READY-MIXED PAINTS & COLORS, the best in the market. Agents for BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS, and the New York Dyeing Establishment at Staten Island. Gettysburg, April 18, 1881. tf

WM. H. EDWARDS, House and Sign Painter, South Baltimore Street, GETTYSBURG, PA. Graining, Kalsomining, Wall-Coloring, Marbling, Alabastine, etc. All work promptly executed at lowest cash prices. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Orders solicited. April 29, 1882. tf

FARMERS, TAKE NOTICE! John Eicholtz & Son WILL SELL Bomsberg's Frederick Phosphate the coming season of 1882. Can be found at all times at their residence, on Carlisle street, (adjoining road,) Gettysburg, where the phosphate will be kept. They will also attend to the delivery of the Frank Cook Phosphate for Moses Rifflesperger, which can be had at the same place. The above Phosphates will be SOLD ON REASONABLE TERMS. JOHN EICHOLTZ, JOHN F. EICHOLTZ. March 29, 1882. tf

MARBLE YARD REMOVED. Wm. B. Meals HAS removed his Marble Yard to East York Street, opposite the residence of Judge McClean, Gettysburg, Pa., having erected a new Shop, together with other buildings is now prepared to prosecute his business in all its branches on short notice, in the best workmanlike manner, and by the most skillful workmen, at cheap as the cheapest. Persons wishing Monuments, Headstones, Mantles, or anything in his line, will be amply paid for time and trouble to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Terms easy and satisfaction guaranteed. April, 1881. tf

Furniture! Furniture! THE FAIRFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY (LIMITED,) HAVING secured all the latest improved machinery, are manufacturing FURNITURE of every description, consisting of the finest Walnut, Ash and Poplar Chamber Suits, Walnut, Ash and Poplar Extension Tables, Walnut Dining Tables, Poplar Breakfast Tables, Bureaus and Bedsteads of every pattern, Sinks, Safes and Chairs of every style, Marble-top and Poplar Stands, &c., &c. All of which we guarantee to sell to the trade at cash lower than they can be bought for in the county. Come and See Us, and if you don't buy we will pay your day's expenses. Fairfield, Pa., Feb. 19, 1884. 1y

FOR SALE, Two Good Farms, ONE AND A-HALF miles from Gettysburg, with Farm of 12 ACRES and the other 84 ACRES, adjoining each other. Six-room House and good Barn on each farm. All in good fencing. Plenty of fruit on both places, and a good water at Farm Gettysburg & Harrisburg R. R. passes along the line of the farms. Apply to G. T. BENNER, Esq., Gettysburg, for terms. July 8, 1884. tf

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Co. Incorporated March 18, 1881. OFFICERS. President—Samuel R. Russell. Vice President—Edward McPherson. Secretary—D. A. Buehler. Treasurer—J. A. Kitzmiller. Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Edw. McPherson, J. A. Kitzmiller, D. A. Buehler. Managers—S. R. Russell, Edw. McPherson, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, J. A. Kitzmiller, Gettysburg; J. W. Storm, East Berlin; Cyrus G. Benner, York Springs; W. Rose White, Liberty twp.; J. G. Brinkerhoff, Straban twp.; Michael Roby, Mechanicstown; A. C. Musselman, Fairfield. ☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 3 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by levying that period amounting to over $2,000. Any person desiring Insurance can apply to any Director or the Managers. ☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Jan. 29, 1883. tf

AT THE OLD STAND. Carriage Making. WM. B. GALLAGHER Will carry on the Carriage-making business, in all its branches, at the old stand of Wm. R. Gallagher, On East Middle Street, Gettysburg. Buggies, Carriages, Jaggers, Spring Wagons, &c., put up in the best manner and with the best materials, and sold at the lowest living profit. The neatest and best style and the most substantial work always on hand. REPAIRING done promptly and cheaply. A trial is all that is asked. Satisfaction guaranteed. Oct. 25, 1882. tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1826. Noah Walker & Co., 165 AND 167 W. BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE, MD. Fall and Winter SUITS & OVERCOATS The Largest and Most Varied Stock in the City. Styles and Prices to Suit All Tastes. All Goods Properly Shrunk Before being Made Up. Custom Department FULLY STOCKED from which to order. Nov. 14, 1883. 1y

WINE AND TEA WAREHOUSE. R. COURTNEY & BRO., 11 North Charles Street, corner Fayette Street, BALTIMORE, MD., Importers of WINES, BRANDIES, LIQUORS, HAVANA CIGARS, FINE TEAS, &C. Wholesale and retail dealers in choice FAMILY GROCERIES. All goods carefully packed and delivered free of charge at R. R. depots. Sole Agents in the United States for the GRAND VIN PAYSAGE PEM CHAMPAGNE, and importers of the celebrated Hand "CLUB HOUSE" RYE WHISKEY. Aug. 5, 1884. 1y

GRANITIC STREET CROSSINGS. THE undersigned is prepared to split out and furnish Granite for STREET CROSSINGS, any thickness, width and length, at figures far below Quarry Proprietors charge. That section of the country he will surrounding, towns is entitled to this advertisement, no money may be saved in the reply. Granite is on cars at Gettysburg for any point ordered. Address, NATHANIEL LIGHTNER, Nov. 6, 1878. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT. H. P. MARK, Arendtsville, Adams Co., Pa., TAKES this opportunity to inform the citizens of Arendtsville and the public generally, that he is now prepared to attend to undertaking in all its branches. He has a good Hearse and can furnish COFFINS, CASKETS, BURIAL CASES, BURIAL ROBES, SHROUDS, &c., in all sizes and at such prices as cannot fail to satisfy the most fastidious. He has just returned from Philadelphia from a regular course in the art of Arterial Embalming, as taught by the Cincinnati School. He will attend to EMBALMING at any time, undertaking away with the fears of entombing. Thanks for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the public patronage. Place of business at Corner opposite the residence of Mr. Andrew Bittinger. Jan. 17, 1884. 1y

Grain, Produce, &c. AT NEW OXFORD. THE undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand in New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover Seed, Timothy Seed, Flax Seed, TIMOTHY HAY, &c; and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits, GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED, Soaps, Tea, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. ☞ Mill Feed for Sale; also Prime Timothy Seed. ☞ Thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same. H. J. MYERS. June 24, 1884. tf

H. S. BENNER'S Baltimore and Gettysburg FREIGHT LINE. At Col. C. H. Buehler's Warehouse, on Carlisle Street, GETTYSBURG, PENN'A. Leave Gettysburg every Monday and Thursday at noon. Leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday at 8 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg every Wednesday and Saturday. Arrive at Baltimore (Hillen Station) every Tuesday and Friday. ALSO COMMISSION MERCHANT and Dealer in all kinds of Grain, Plaster, Salt, &c. Salt for sale by the sack at the lowest prices to dealers. All kinds of FEED constantly on hand for sale. All goods delivered to order of purchaser. Will retrieve of the public is respectfully solicited. ☞ TERMS CASH. H. S. BENNER. June 3, 1884. tf

DON'T FORGET THAT Joseph Jacobs MAKES IT A RULE TO SELL CHEAP. CALL at his Meat and Fish Stall in Diamond, Baltimore street, and see the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa., and be convinced. His stock is unusually large and varied this season, and, satisfied that he can please any inclined to buy, he invites the whole public to make an inspection of goods and prices. Trading continued to be obtainable, and goods bought at his stor can free of charge. June 11, 1883. tf

WANTED! 10,000 CAILROAD TIES, for which Cash on delivery will be paid. Inquire of H. L. Depot, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 29, 1882. tf H. D. SCOTT, Supt.

"ALLENTONIAN." ESTABLISHED HERESIUS Registered and Standard Trotting Stallion, "ALLENTONIAN," No. 912, can be found at Meadow Farm, Jay Farm, two miles north of Gettysburg, for the fall season. July 22. 6w

BUSINESS CONTINUED! AT THE OLD STAND. Fresh Stock Received! WATCHES, CLOCKS JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, SILVER-WARE. A FULL AND FRESH ASSORTMENT! COME AND SEE. CHEAPER THAN EVER! REPAIRING done as heretofore, promptly and satisfactorily. Penrose Myers, Ag't., Baltimore Street, near Diamond, Sept. 26, 1883. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

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